

# The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXV—NUMBER 7.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1919.

Single Copies, 4 Cents—\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

## THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest From Washington

By J. E. Jones

### GIDDY HEIGHTS OF NECESSITIES

Price levels on foodstuffs tumbled twelve per cent between December, 1918, and the close of March. Even at that the increase in these prices over 1913 still remained 75 per cent. The extra twelve per cent represented a sort of "excitement" period and lasted for only a few weeks.

The figures are from the Bureau of Labor statistics. They show that for the above period that flour soared 100 per cent; bacon, 110 per cent; lard, 114 per cent; corn meal, 130 per cent; sugar, 98 per cent; potatoes, 93 per cent. A man's budget of clothing with cost prices for 1914 and 1919, shows an increase of 80 per cent. The articles in the budget include a suit, an overcoat, shirts, shoes, stockings, nightshirts, collar, hats, gloves. A woman's budget of clothing with cost prices for the same period shows an increase of 75 per cent. The articles enumerated included a coat, suit, dresses, skirts, waists, aprons, shoes, overshoes, hosiery, corsets, underwear, nightgowns, hats and gloves.

In view of these astounding figures why should one kick about a little thing like paying two cents for a one cent newspaper, an advance of 100 per cent, especially when it offers the hope that there may be found in it an intelligent editorial condemning the increased railroad rates, amounting, according to the Railway Administration, to less than 25 per cent? Or there may be a red-hot roast on traction companies that are looking for a six or seven cent fare. The editorial writer may even attempt to prove that it makes no difference that materials have advanced from 50 to 90 per cent. He surely will repeat the truism that labor under the collective bargaining system is getting only what it deserves, and no more than has been contemplated by the arrangement of the United States Government and the Peace Conference.

### NEW IDEALS OF JUSTICE

Secretary of Commerce Redfield has taken a large fall out of the leaders of capital who are "still lingering among the flesh pots of Egypt," whom, he says, have "made no progress towards the promised land." He puts them in the same class with those who speak "plain words," in order to prove that the social structure in America is so adverse to the good of the laborer that no course is possible save to destroy it, and that social war is the remedy. Mr. Redfield has no respect for the views of those who believe that there exists a capitalist class who "sit in oppression upon the vast mass of mankind and hold them down that they may fatten at their cost; that the door of opportunity is closed to the humble and poor, and no one extends a helping hand to lift them up; that there is no such thing as progress out of poverty and that our evolution, such as it is, is so slow and so cruel that it needs to be altered by revolution ere the average man will have his chance."

The Secretary says that there is no place where the answers can be found to all such tommyrot, which is not only advocated by the radicals who are generally condemned, but by the "parlor intellectuals," and the "lounge lizards." He gives the valuable advice to those who believe that America is going to the bow-wow that they should visit the factories, "where men are busy, where speeches are not made and radical editors do not trouble."

"Where is the industrial leader who argues now in favor of reducing the wages of the American laborer," asks Mr. Redfield, who gives this reply: "Is not the alliance from a thousand industries more potent than the shrieks of a few agitators? In a way which makes no noise industries are moving on steadily, as every financial authority states, the country is settling itself down to the assurance that matters are getting stabilized; but they are not being stabilized because labor is being out."

### AND QUESTIONS MUST BE HONESTLY MET

It is pretty good advice when a Cabinet member tells his countrymen that, "America expects capital to forget to dwell upon its rights and to think more of its opportunities of leadership; she expects labor, valuing no rights, to recognize in endeavor the helpful spirit and earnest purpose of many leaders of capital to meet them in a fair spirit and in equity."

As indicative of the change in methods of government a little reflection reveals one that less than ten years ago the whole country was demanding that all the railroads be pushed for the wisecracks that some of them supposedly

## CHURCH ACTIVITIES

### CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Sunday: Morning worship with sermon at 10.45. Sunday School at 12. Union service in the chapel in the evening at 7.00. Topic, "What Does Loyalty to Our Church and Country Call For?"

The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. John M. Philbrook, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

The mid-week service will be discontinued during the hot weather.

### METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday services: morning worship at 10.45. Sermon by the pastor; subject, "The All-Seeing Eye." Sunday School at 12.00.

Junior League at 3.00.

Evening service at 7.00. Short address by the pastor.

Class meeting Tuesday night at 7.30.

Ladies' Aid will meet Thursday afternoon at 2.30 at the home of Mrs. Davis Lovejoy.

committed in their financial operations, legislative bodies throughout the States, as well as in Washington, reacted in such a manner as to finally impose great hardships upon the railroads, with the result that when war laid its hand upon the land it was seen that the handicaps that had been imposed on the carriers made it difficult for them to perform their full service to the country. The result was Government war control, with a sweeping aside of all of the handicaps and restrictions.

But the period of punishing the railroads, or of giving the great arterial highways "the best of it," has been superseded by a new conviction which seems happily to be settling over most of the affairs of the Nation. Senator Cummings, who in the early years of his legislative career was classed as a pronounced radical upon the railroad situation, now expresses a conservative view, which represents the kind of "square deal" that everybody believes in. Senator Cummings remarks upon the remarkable similarity of nearly all the plans for railroad legislation that have come before him as Chairman of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. These plans recognize that the basic principle is that relating to the adequacy of rates. The railroads must be given an earning power that will enable them to meet all the requirements of the public, to pay their employees the now rates of wages that have been established by the Government, and furnish a legitimate return to stockholders upon their investment. In order that the necessary new capital may be commanded for railroad development.

The different plans before Congress vary somewhat as to methods of arriving at the above results, but they all point in the one direction. The Interstate Commerce Commission is to be speedily restored to its rights in rate making, and Congress will go ahead and make the readjustment necessary to restore railroads to private ownership.

### THE UN-PROPHETIC VISIONS

The pledges of many radical political platforms, the speculations of several reports of Postmaster General, and the speeches of many men in Congress, and headlines of printers' ink, recorded promises, in years gone by, of what might be expected when the Government took over the railways and wire lines. Cheaper fares, cheaper rates, and more efficient service were included in the prophetic promises that experience has demonstrated to be unpropitious. Out of six thousand debtors throughout the country who have reported their communities in favor of the resumption of private management. The sentiment seems to be almost unanimous. With the wire lines the conviction appears to have carried over, and the Postmaster General made an ignominious flight for cover in the face of a threatened strike, by abolishing Government management of the telegraph and telephone lines between readown and sunup.

### THE IMPORTANT THING ABOUT PRICES

It is important enough that prices are high, but it is more important that people should know whether the high level is going to continue. The doubt that lingers concerning the matter has reflected itself in too little activity among the industries in America. Some people ask the question: "Will prices of labor come down?" The answer is found in the history of labor for the last half century. Haven't they always been going up? The largest employers in the country are not thinking of reducing the cost of labor, but they are concerning themselves with the ways and means of meeting the new standards.

## BETHEL INN

Mrs. F. H. Gerrish of Portland is spending a week at the Inn.

Mrs. L. H. Gilley, manager of Bethel Inn, is in Boston for a few days.

J. H. Bunker and family from Turin Lake, Wis., were overnight guests at the Inn on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Spear motored over from Rumford Falls for supper, Sunday night.

The automobile tourist season has started in a few days at Bethel Inn. Mr. McKinlay is of the firm of McKinlay, Stone & MacKenzie, Publishers, New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. McAvity of St. John, N. B., were overnight guests at the Inn on the 20th. Mr. McAvity served as Colonel in the Canadian Army from 1915 to close of the war.

Mr. and Mrs. Brockway of Portland are having a two weeks rest at Bethel Inn. They are both ardent golf players and can be found on the links every day. Mr. Brockway is connected with the Brown Company of Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Clark, and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Allen of Portland were week end guests at Bethel Inn. Sunday morning they motored to Shelburne to call on Prof. W. R. Chapman, returning to the Inn for dinner, leaving for home early in the afternoon.

Lieutenant G. C. Seelye and wife of Essex, Conn., were guests at the Inn the past week. One of the first to meet Mr. Seelye on arrival was Mr. Roy Whitcomb, of Portland, who was staying at the Inn. Mr. Whitcomb served under Lieutenant Seelye in France, and had not seen him since he sailed for America. It is needless to say the meeting was a pleasure to both.

On Thursday, June 19, the Ladies' Literary Association of Oxford County met at Bethel Inn. Fourteen of the number taking dinner before the meeting which was held at 2 o'clock. Among those present were: Mrs. A. E. Murch, Miss V. Ludden, Mrs. W. H. Small, Mrs. W. M. Pease, Mrs. Geo. P. Stanley, Mrs. R. E. Gilkey, Miss E. E. Holliman, Mrs. W. L. Guild, Mrs. J. F. Sturtevant, Miss Sturtevant and Mrs. George C. Gray all of Dixfield, Me., Mrs. L. L. Mason, Mrs. H. B. Carter and Mrs. A. C. Wheeler, of South Paris, Me.

Mr. J. W. Harris, manager of the Oxford Paper Co., of Rumford Falls entertained at supper at Bethel Inn, Thursday evening, the heads of all departments and the office force to the number of thirty-nine. They were all seated at one long table prettily decorated with peonies and roses. Between courses rousing cheers were given to the various people who helped to make the supper such a success, among them Mr. Harris, and also Mr. W. B. Brockway who is connected with the Brown Company, and contributed the paper for the very attractive menu used for the supper. After supper dancing was enjoyed until eleven o'clock, when they left in autos for home. Miss Mona Maynard at the piano, and O. B. George at the drums, furnished music for the dancing most acceptably.

### OLD POSTAL RATES JULY 1st

On Tuesday, July 1st, the former rates on first class mail which were in effect before October, 1917, will be restored. From that date the postage on letters will be two cents, and on postals one cent. Three-cent stamped envelopes and two-cent postal cards will be redeemed at the post offices, in stamped envelopes or cards, at full value, for one month from the first of July. After the expiration of that time postage value only will be allowed for the envelopes, and three-fourths of postage value for the cards.

As a means of raising war-time revenue for the government the increased rate on first-class mail has been effective, and automatic in action, and while no one will probably object to the personal reduction of expense allowed by the change, as providing some portion of the immense amount required for the government expenditures, the increased postage has been about as equitable in its operation as any form of war tax, and unacceptably less cumbersome and annoying than some taxes now in effect.

## WOMEN'S LITERARY UNION

Organized at Bethel Inn on June 19th

Ladies from the different clubs of Oxford County gathered at Bethel Inn last Thursday to form the Women's Literary Union of Oxford County which had been organized June 3 at the home of Mrs. J. S. Sturtevant, Dixfield. Eleven members of the Advance Club of Dixfield were in attendance, also members of Seneca Club, South Paris, and of Columbian Club, Bethel.

The officers elected for the ensuing year were: President, Mrs. J. S. Sturtevant, Dixfield; first vice president, Mrs. Alton C. Wheeler, South Paris; second vice president, Mrs. Fred Latham of Seneca Club, Rumford; recording secretary, Mrs. R. Brooks Stratton of Christian Valley Club, Rumford; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Emma F. Small, Dixfield; committee appointed to arrange program and entertainment for October meeting: Mrs. Howard Carter, South Paris; Mrs. W. M. Pease, Dixfield; Mrs. Leslie Mason, Carter, South Paris; Mrs. Leslie Mason, Paris; Mrs. J. C. Greene, Rumford; Mrs. Albert Stearns, Browning Club, Norway; Mrs. W. C. Curtis, Bethel; Mrs. Elliott, Rumford Center.

It was decided to hold three meetings during the year, in January, June and October. The next meeting to be held at South Paris in October, the date to be decided upon later. The January meeting to be held at Congress Square Hotel, Portland, or some central place. The June meeting left for invitation. A number of the members enjoyed lunch at the Inn and a delightful day was spent.

### O. E. S. ENTERTAINS RUMFORD CHAPTER

One of the most pleasant meetings of the Eastern Star Chapter of Bethel was held last Wednesday evening when they had as guests the Chapter from Rumford.

About fifty motored over from Rumford and witnessed the work that was done by Bethel Chapter. Following the work the guests gave a short program consisting of vocal solos and a reading, after which refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

### W. O. T. U. MEETING

Sunday evening a union service of the three churches was held in the Universalist church under the auspices of the Bethel Union.

The meeting was addressed by Mrs. Althea G. Quimby of Turner, State President of the Maine Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Her subject was, "Sound the Jubilee or the Problems of Reconstruction," and she at once won the sympathy and attention of the audience by the charm of manner and her own consecration to the work. The different Departments of the W. O. T. U. were explained, and showed how broad is the influence of this organization. Her stories of the help received from these workers among the poor, the children of the city also the work of Americanization carried on by these consecrated women, appealed to everyone present.

The slogan of the W. O. T. U. is 1,000,000 members and 1,000,000 to carry on the work and by the generosity of the Bethel people the Bethel Union has "gone over the top" in the quota assigned to them.

The members of the Union wish to thank the organist and choir who added so much to the meeting by the beautiful music rendered and also are very grateful to those who by their generosity aided the Union to do its part in this great work.

### LIST OF OFFICERS AND CORPORATORS OF BETHEL SAVINGS BANK

List of Officers and Corporators elected at annual meeting of Bethel Savings Bank, Bethel, Me., June 11, 1919.

Officers

J. M. Philbrook, President

A. E. Herrick, Treasurer

Trustees

J. M. Philbrook, J. U. Partridge, E. R. Kibb, Seth Walker, H. N. Upton, M. L. Thurston, Fred F. Bean.

Corporators

J. M. Philbrook, C. C. Bryant, D. O. Lovejoy, Ira C. Jordan, Dr. J. O. Gehring, W. E. Bossenman, J. S. Hutchins, Fred B. Merrill, J. U. Partridge, Fred F. Bean, Fred L. Edwards, Clarence K. Fox, H. N. Upton, W. W. Hastings, Elmer H. Young, Fred A. Tibbitts, A. E. Herrick, E. M. Walker, E. C. Park, N. H. Springer.

Attest:

A. E. HERRICK, Clerk.

## GRANGE NEWS

### FRANKLIN GRANGE

Franklin Grange celebrated Children's Day, Saturday afternoon, June 21. After a short business session, forty-nine children marched into the hall to give their exercises, which were as follows:

A Welcome to all,

Ruth and George Forbes

Edith Whitman

Gypsy Song, Harriett Abbott and Otis Dudley

Recitation,

Afraid Coffin

Exercise, Nowell and Kathleen Sampson

Recitation, "When Teacher Tells a Story,"

Richard Covell

Hilda Ring

Piano Solo,

Gertrude Titus, Myron Lovejoy

Recitation,

Exercise, "Vacation,"

Earl Noyes

Yorda Daveo

Recitation,

Exercise, "Little Girls,"

Harriett and Elsie Abbott

Gordon Farnum

Six Girls

Lester Felt

Carrie Cole

Mildred Newell

Dorothy Billings

Recitation, "The City Cousin,"

Recitation,

Dialogue, "Dr. Wise,"

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## WANT COLUMN.

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.

Each word more than 25: One week, 1 cent; each additional week, 1/4 cent.

## WHITE AND BROWN TENNIS SHOES

All the different makes including Keds, Hood's Leisure Shoes, the Workshu, The new Win the War Shoe, and other kinds for infants, children, misses, youths, boys and men.

All grades and prices

SUMMER MOCASSINE

and a large stock of all kinds of leather shoes.

YOUNG'S SHOE STORE

Phone-144

Dr. Austin Tenney,

Oculist, will be at the residence of Clarence Hall, Bethel, on Saturday, April 26, and last Saturday of each following month. Eyes treated. Glasses fitted.

## NOTICE

Having purchased the Clothes Pressing Machine of D. C. Conroy will now be pressing of gents and ladies suits. All work guaranteed satisfactory or your money refunded.

From this date I shall press all men's Crack-a-Jack made-to-measure suits free of charge.

Work done by W. C. Garoy.

E. F. LYON,

Bethel, Maine.

## PICTURE FRAMING

Up-to-date line of picture molding at my home on Spring Street. Photographic Enlargements.

ALANSON TYLER,

Bethel, Maine.

## WANTED

A chair table. State price and condition.

CITIZEN OFFICE,

Bethel, Maine.

## FOR SALE

Deering 2 horse mowing machine in good repair, a horse rake, and also a Genoa Cooley creamery tank and cans.

ALFRED HOBBS,

R. F. D. 2, Bethel, Maine.

## GRASS FOR SALE

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## THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY  
BY FRED B. MERRILL,  
BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance \$2.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908, at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1919.

### NORWAY

The Will Cat Club and invited guests met at the Barker Farm, Thursday evening for a lobster supper and social evening. The affair was in honor of Dr. H. P. Bradbury and bride, and was one of the pleasant occasions of the early summer.

Dr. and Mrs. H. P. Bradbury went to Augusta, Friday, where the doctor will be in attendance at the State Museum for a week.

Mrs. Charlotte Pratt, who has been at the Truett hospital for the past five weeks, returned home Friday and has a nurse. Her niece, Mrs. Maude Monahan, from Portland came to assist in getting her settled. Mr. and Mrs. Knox Blackford, who have been occupying the town stables, have moved to the Fred Cat house.

Miss Marjorie Barker is at home for the summer vacation from her school in Boston, where she is studying for a secretarial course.

Harry Lusselle is at home from Tufts Dental College for a summer vacation. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Allen and Mr. and Mrs. J. Moulton of Orr's Island were recent guests of Rev. and Mrs. P. A. Sullivan.

Mr. and Mrs. Eben Maine and two children of Hartford, Conn., have been in town this week, the guests of Mr. Maine's mother, Mrs. Cora Maine, at Fred Howe's. They will spend the summer at Charleston.

Merle Merrill, who broke his leg in the winter and was at the C. M. G. hospital several weeks, returned to the hospital Tuesday for further treatment.

Mrs. Alice Marston received word the past week from her niece, Mrs. Norman McKinnon, wife of the Congressional minister at Utica, N. Y., that he had tendered his resignation to accept a pastorate at Franklin, Mass., one of the inducements being to be near their children, as one is a student at Harvard, a daughter enters Mt. Holyoke this fall, and another son will enter the Boston School of Theology a year hence. It will be remembered that Mrs. McKinnon is the daughter of the late Frank Whitehouse, a native of Norway, who was associated with A. Oscar Noyes in the express business in the early 60's.

A large audience gathered at Orange Hall, Wednesday evening for the sixth public recital given by the pupils of Miss Pearl Frances Cook. Thirty-four of Miss Cook's sixty pupils took part in the program, each one doing themselves credit. The selections played gave an excellent variety for the listeners.

The school at Swift's Corner closed with a picnic in the pine woods near the schoolhouse. The underbrush was cleared by W. A. Hersey and a crew of men, who erected a swing and a table, which added to the enjoyment of the day which was a happy one with a few dinner at noon, and ice cream later in the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen H. Cummings and family were in Bethel last week to attend the graduation of their daughter, Miss Ruth, from the Bethel School. Miss Cummings returned home with her parents.

Leah W. Abbott and daughter, Miss Leah, who have been spending the winter and spring with Mr. and Mrs. Noyes.

### Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. J. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 50c. Take Hall's Family Cure for constipation.

### CATTLE MUST BE TESTED FOR TUBERCULOSIS BEFORE BEING SHIPPED OUT OF ANY STATE

Beginning July 1, 1919, the shipment of cattle interstate without having them properly tuberculin tested will be prohibited—with a few exceptions—by a regulation issued by the Secretary of Agriculture. The enforcement of this new regulation will, it is believed, be of great assistance in preventing the further spread of tuberculosis among live stock, and having the work practically at all times will serve to bring about uniformity.

The Department of Agriculture, through its Bureau of Animal Industry, is now actively cooperating with the State live stock sanitary officials and cattle owners of 42 States in the eradication of tuberculosis from live stock. Recent legislation in several of the States has made it possible to proceed with the work hereafter it has been impossible to do so. Federal funds available for the work are insufficient to meet present demands, and now that the cattle owners are finding the work to be of such advantage and importance the demands will increase rapidly.

Most activities are in the "accredited herd" work with the owners and breeders of purebred herds of cattle who wish to free their herds from tuberculosis and have them placed on the list as "accredited."

### Full Cooperation Essential

Some "area work" is being conducted. Under this plan a community or county or some other unit decides to have all the cattle in the area tuberculin tested with a view of completely eradicating the disease as soon as possible. In order that the "area work" may be successfully carried on, the full cooperation of the cattle owners in the territory must be obtained, and any attempt to proceed with the work without the good will and hearty cooperation of the people will fail.

Appropriations by the States for the coming fiscal year for live stock tuberculosis eradication aggregate about \$2,600,000. Part of this sum will be used to indemnify partially the owners of cattle found to be tuberculous. Most of the States now have laws permitting the payment of indemnity and the Federal department also pays some indemnity when funds are available. With the exception of valuable breeding animals, it is found most advisable to consign the tuberculous cattle for slaughter and thereby dispose of them to the best advantage. In the greater portion of "reactors" the disease is found to exist to but a slight extent, making the meat fit for food—thereby causing a great saving. The carcasses of such cattle, after being passed for food by trained inspectors, usually bring about the market price, which sum, deducted from the appraised value of the live animal, leaves the amount of loss. Under the more recent laws, this loss is divided between the owner, the State, and the United States—each standing one third except that in most cases the State is limited in the amount that it can pay and the United States is always limited to the payment of \$50 for a pure bred animal and \$25 for a grade.

### Healthy Cattle Worth More

Owners realize that these slightly diseased cattle may at any time become a source of danger to the healthy animals of the herd and that they themselves may break down from the disease and die or become of little or no value. The value of healthy cattle in any herd, after tuberculosis ones are taken out, always increases, and it is a source of great satisfaction to the owner that he has a healthy herd or that he is doing everything in his power to make it so.

Cattle from accredited herds are commanding increased prices over those that are not, and those from herds that are in the process of being accredited are also being sold at advanced prices.

The second list of accredited herds and those that have successfully passed one tuberculosis test in preparation for the accredited list is expected to be ready for distribution July 1. Requests now received indicate that 100,000 copies will be required to meet demands. This pamphlet of about 100 pages will contain the names and addresses of about 4,000 cattle owners, representing about 91,000 cattle, whose herds have passed one or more successful official tuberculosis tests applied under the cooperative plan for accrediting herds of tuberculosis free cattle.

Up to April 1, 1919, the total number of herds under supervision for the eradication of tuberculosis was about 9,800, containing about 230,000 cattle, and more than three a large number have been added to the list.

These cattle owners have realized the great importance of trying to maintain a healthy herd, and have of their own volition co-operated with the State and Federal officials in every possible way to free their cattle from the disease.

Experiments covering a period of several years has proved beyond a doubt that a herd free from tuberculosis is actually profitable and within the power of a large percentage of cattle owners. But to accomplish the desired results co-operation with the project must be the best to follow, in every State that will bring it about. The

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The second list of accredited herds and those that have successfully passed one tuberculosis test in preparation for the accredited list is expected to be ready for distribution July 1. Requests now received indicate that 100,000 copies will be required to meet demands. This pamphlet of about 100 pages will contain the names and addresses of about 4,000 cattle owners, representing about 91,000 cattle, whose herds have passed one or more successful official tuberculosis tests applied under the cooperative plan for accrediting herds of tuberculosis free cattle.

Up to April 1, 1919, the total number of herds under supervision for the eradication of tuberculosis was about 9,800, containing about 230,000 cattle, and more than three a large number have been added to the list.

These cattle owners have realized the great importance of trying to maintain a healthy herd, and have of their own volition co-operated with the State and Federal officials in every possible way to free their cattle from the disease.

Experiments covering a period of several years has proved beyond a doubt that a herd free from tuberculosis is actually profitable and within the power of a large percentage of cattle owners. But to accomplish the desired results co-operation with the project must be the best to follow, in every State that will bring it about. The

### HARNESSING STREAMS FOR HOME POWER FURNISHES ELECTRICITY FOR FARM USE

Many farms are endowed with natural waterpower facilities which may be harnessed and bridled to furnish energy for operation of farm lighting and power plants, say specialists of the Division of Rural Engineering, United States Department of Agriculture. Electricity lightens the farmer's work and relieves household tasks of much drudgery. As farm conveniences which increase the profits and pleasures of country life, lighting and power systems have many ardent champions. The cost of such plants operated by water power is well within the reach of thousands of farm owners, the Federal specialists say.

The nucleus around which the power plant centers is a stream of adequate velocity and volume to furnish the requisite energy for the generation of power. A stream 10 feet wide with an average depth of 2 feet and flowing at the rate of 2 feet a second under a head of 3 feet is capable of supplying more than 10 horsepower. This is sufficient to light the average farmstead and have enough current left over to operate motors for many other farm needs. If the head could be made 10 feet instead of 3 feet the horsepower could be doubled. Or, if the stream were twice as wide or twice as deep with but a 3 foot head, 20 instead of 10 horsepower could be obtained. It is advisable to install a plant larger than the needs of the moment seem to require. An additional horsepower or two will not greatly change the first cost while use will always be found for any excess.

### Power a Farm Needs

The farmer who wishes to install an electric plant should take inventory of his power requirements. The unit of electrical power is the "watt." The estimate of farm lighting and power requirements should always be computed in terms of watts, 746 watts being equivalent to 1 horsepower. The average 8 or 9 room farmhouse needs lighting facilities which will aggregate about 1,000 watts, while another 1,000 watts of power are usually necessary to light the horse barn, cow barn, hay barn, pig house, chicken house, watering trough, barnyard entrance, and front gate. As a rule not over half the lights are in use at one time, but it is always desirable to figure the plant as capable of supplying the maximum demand. Small motors of from one-twelfth to 1 horsepower call for from 100 to 923 watts of power, while a small hot-water boiler heater needs 1,500 watts, a coffee percolator 400 watts, a 6-inch sink heater 600 watts, a toaster 400 watts, a 9 pound flatiron 650 watts, a 3 pound flatiron 350 watts, an 8 inch electric fan 20 watts, and a 16 inch electric fan 70 watts.

All the power machinery probably never will be used simultaneously, but the capacity of the power plant should at least exceed the requirements of the machine having the maximum horsepower rating. As an aid to computing the power which must be available for the operation of the average electric plant the following figures of approximate horsepower necessary to run the accompanying machines are given:

Thrashing machines, 30; ensilage cutter, 10; feed grinder, 5; wood saw and hay press, each, 3; water pump, 1½ to 3½; ice cream freezer, churn, corn sheller, cream separator, and milking machine, each, ½; washing machine and grindstone, each, 1.

### Figuring Water Supply

After ascertaining the requirements of the lighting and power plant in total horsepower the next step, which is rather technical, is to determine the volume of water available, generally based on the quantity flowing during the period of low water if the maximum possible volume of the stream under the best possible conditions are to be determined, and also the "head" or "fall" which this water may have or be made to have. It is important that the amount of water flowing in the stream be determined fairly accurately. The method, known as the cross section and velocity method, involves the selection of two points along the stream, which should be about 50 feet apart in slow streams, and from 100 to 200 feet in swift ones. It is then necessary to set two range poles in the ground, one on each side of the stream, at the upper point, so that an imaginary line connecting the

poles on the opposite banks will cut the stream at right angles to its direction of flow. To obtain the velocity of the stream use a float, such as a round piece of wood about 6 inches in diameter and 6 inches long, or, if the depth of the water is sufficient, a spherical float, such as an orange, which is easy to see in the stream. This float is thrown into the stream above the upper station, so that an observer can note the time when it passes this point, while a second observer can take the time when the object passes the second station, and in this way the time which it took the float to travel a fixed distance can be determined. If the distance, expressed in feet, be divided by the time, as measured in seconds, the surface velocity in the path of the float in feet per second will be obtained.

### Completing the Calculation

The next step is to estimate the stream cross section at the range poles, this being accomplished by stretching across the stream a measuring tape or cord with tags tied at, for instance, 2 foot intervals, the first tag on each side being 1 foot from the edge of the water, so that the sum of these two will equal the distance between any two of the other tags. It is then necessary to measure the depth of the water in feet and tenths of a foot at each of these tags, add one and one-half times the depth taken at the end tags to two times the depths at all intermediate tags, and the sum will give, in square feet, the cross-sectional area of the stream at this place. This should be done for the sections at both the upper and lower range pole lines. The values for each, added and divided by two, will give an average working value for the area. Having obtained a cross section

### The reliance that womenkind has

learned to put in crackers is being well illustrated at the tea being given for returning soldiers and sailors.

Every woman in the room has in her pantry a generous supply of the National Biscuit Company's always useful and universally accepted product—N. B. C. Graham Crackers.

Nettie, a country young woman, yeoman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself unexpectedly entertaining a company at her home the other day. Graham flour that including several of the

There was no question about the complete success of Nettie's discovery, as the fragrance of the fresh wafer, which she served added to the inviting repast.

Another favorite at the tea hour—people have been so thoroughly entertained by a company at her home the other day. Graham flour that including several of the

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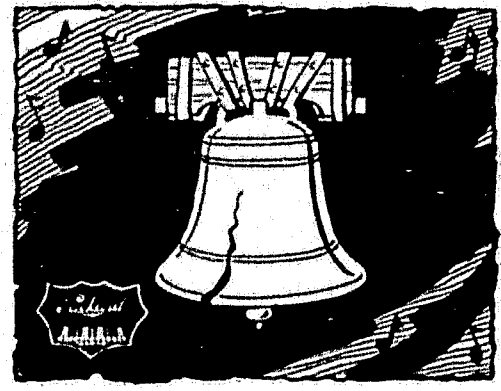
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## Liberty Bell---It Told America's Freedom July 4th, 1776!

America is now "the first nation of the earth"—in freedom, riches and happiness!

One of the greatest contributions to the peace of mind, happiness and comfort of all people is—good music.

No home is truly a home without a high-class piano. Have you the kind of piano in your home that does real justice to your playing? Is its quality in keeping with your standard of living—and your taste?

Come in and see our line of pianos and you will be convinced that the TONE, QUALITY, ACTION and PRICES of Pianos cannot be beat.

INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS.

**W. J. Wheeler & Co.,**  
South Paris, Maine.



### THE HOME CIRCLE

**Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.**

#### MOST UP-TO-DATE LAUNDRY HELPS PAY IN THE END

Many housekeepers look upon laundry work as drudgery. Of course it means an outlay of considerable time, and effort, but the burden can be greatly lessened, and the work made much more satisfactory, by adopting a system that includes the smallest details, says the Michigan Farmer.

Get the best, most up-to-date laundry helps, and then give your tools and your work your careful attention. After you are through using your wringer, before covering it up until the following week, unscrew it, dry it thoroughly, and wipe it with a cloth moistened with kerosene. This is a splendid stain and dirt remover. This may seem a small matter, but it will greatly prolong the usefulness of your machine.

The very best clothes-pins obtainable are none too good to use. There are several kinds on the market of the spring type, that are guaranteed not to rust, and are durable and practical. But if you prefer the ordinary wooden kind, it is best to throw them into boiling water before they are used. They are less liable to "yellow" when served in this way.

The clothes-pin apron made of strong ticking, turned up at the bottom to form two wide, but not very deep pockets, is a convenience well known, but often neglected.

Your ironing board should receive special attention. To withstand the constant wear and tear, the covering should be made from the strongest and newest of cloth. It will take less than a yard, 72 inches wide, so the cost will be only a trifle. This can be sewed up lengthwise and slipped on the board. For a protection for this make a smooth fitting cover of denim. This should never be off the board when not in use. The ironing stand should be clamped firmly to the board. This does away with the danger of its slipping and the iron falling to the floor.

The irons must be kept perfectly clean to give the best service. This means they must be scraped clean of starch frequently and rubbed over fine salt, or washed in soap and water and dried. Wax is another important adjunct, though care must be taken that this is wiped off with cloth or paper before using on clothes.

A great deal of wear and tear on the clothes can be avoided by the use of a small hand brush. Instead of rubbing the clothes on the wash board, lay the soiled spots on the board, rub well with soap, and scrub with the brush.

When greasy pieces are washed add a little kerosene to the water. This will help in removing the dirt. Rub soap on the worst spots, and let the garment soak for a short time in soap suds to which the oil has been added, and then wash.

To prevent the fading of gingham, calicoes, or lawns, dissolve a nickel's worth of sugar of lead in a pint of lukewarm water. Then put the goods into it and let stand for three or four hours. Wring out, dry and press in the usual way and the colors will never fade. This process shrinks the goods at the same time it sets the colors.

For dampening clothes use a whisk broom and warm water. The dampness will be more even than if sprinkled.

## Cliequot Club GINGER ALE



This golden, gladdening, bubbling ginger drink quenches any kind of thirst in any kind of weather. Made of purest juices of lemons and limes, purest Jamaica ginger, cane sugar and crystal-clear spring water. Buy by the case from your grocer or druggist.

THE CLIEQUOT CLUB COMPANY  
Mills, Mass., U. S. A.

lined in any other way, and the ironing facilitated.

#### "A ROLL OF RAGS"

When gathering up the summer clothing, overhauling the bedding, towels and table linen, if you find any article "just ready for the rag bag," don't put it there. Carefully rip apart or cut out all seams and hems and wash the pieces—even small pieces; iron them smoothly, roll, or fold them neatly, and put them where you can find them at any time—a half gallon glass fruit jar is a good "container," and will keep them clean. In emergency cases of cuts, bruises, and other ailments requiring bandages, you will find them invaluable. All kinds of white rags, or faded out lawns, or soft cloths, may be put away. Clean, well bleached colored cloths are very good to use as coverings for the white wrappings. Bits of soft twine, or tapes, are excellent to put with them, and a paper of safety pins will be found a handy accompaniment. If kept in the closed jar, the rags will always be clean and free from dust. A bottle of peroxide of hydrogen, a jar of carbolated vasoline, a bottle of turpentine, and a small package of flour or sulphur should be near the jar.

#### COOKING BY THE DRY PROCESS

Meats, poultry, fish, can all be cooked by the dry process, without the use of a drop of water and only simmering hours. The heat utensils for cooking in a double boiler with a perfectly tight fitting lid. Aluminum, which is becoming cheap enough for general use, is preferable to any other metal. Dry cooking in a fireless cooker, a casserole in the oven, or in an ordinary kettle, if

the lid is tied down tightly, or sealed with a piece of dough, the vessel then set on a wire rack in a kettle filled with boiling water and kept at merely a simmering (not bubbling) point. The food should be cut into reasonably small pieces that the heat may have a better chance to penetrate it. Cracked bones may be placed in the kettle, as the marrow has elements of value. To know just how long to keep up the process, one must learn by experience, rather than by instruction.

For plain, dry cooking of fish, a large fish should be selected, and prepared as for other cooking, leaving it whole. Place it in the double boiler, with or without seasoning, and cook until tender, allowing fifteen to twenty minutes longer than for boiling. The juice extracted makes a good basis for a cream gravy, or white sauce.

#### MASON

Mrs. A. M. Garry of Sumner, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Eli Grover, has returned home.

E. C. Smith has purchased a new Ford car.

Elden Garry and Arthur Bucknam of West Sumner were in town visiting relatives and friends a few days recently.

Mrs. Elden Mills visited her son, Bonnie Tyler, and family at East Bethel, Sunday.

Gerald Cushing, who has been attending school at Springfield, Mass., has arrived home for the summer vacation.

Several from town attended the dance at West Bethel, Saturday evening.

Herman Skillings of Bethel was in town one day, recently.

### CANTON

The semi-annual convention of the Rumford Sabbath School Association was held at the Universalist church, Canton, Thursday, and was a most profitable meeting. Rev. Eleanor B. Forbes, the pastor, led the devotional exercises in the forenoon and an able address was given by Rev. G. I. Gilbert of Rumford. Rev. Frank M. Lamb led the afternoon devotion and Miss R. B. Howe gave a report of the Girls' Conference. An excellent sermon was preached by Rev. A. W. Collins of East Sumner. Rev. Wm. Kennon of Portland gave a fine address in place of Dr. Hudson, who was unable to be present. Mrs. W. J. Weir, who was to have spoken was also unable to be present. The evening session was much enjoyed. An excellent dinner and supper were served at the vestry of the church.

An auto driven by Nathan Waite of Canton and one driven by Charles Austin of Farmington collided Saturday morning near the residence of Elton Dalley at Gilbertville, damaging both machines considerably though the occupants were unhurt. The Farmington car was going at a rapid pace, while Mr. Waite's car was being driven slowly which no doubt saved the lives of both men.

Miss Mary N. Richardson has returned from her Boston studio for the summer months.

The Canton town team and the high school team went to Dixfield and played ball with the town and school teams of that place, the Canton town team and the Dixfield high school teams winning. Fern Bicknell has been quite ill.

The North Buckfield Grange presented the popular drama, "The Corner Grocer," at the Grange Hall, Monday evening and a dance followed.

Joshua McKay has gone to North field, N. S., to visit his old home for a few weeks.

Mrs. Lillie Bicknell, Miss A. C. Bicknell and J. Clyde Bicknell attended the graduation of Raymond Standley at Kent's Hill last week. Mrs. Bicknell is now visiting her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Bray, of Dixmont.

Merle Carver of Haverhill, Mass., has been a guest of his sister, Mrs. Mabel Bicknell. He returned Sunday accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Elta Carver, making the trip by auto. They also made a visit in Winthrop before leaving.

Charles C. Ellis, Miss Maud Ellis, Mrs. Julia Hollis, Mrs. Edith Ellis and son, Ansel, attended the funeral of Isaac A. Ellis at Auburn. Mr. Ellis was buried at the Auburn cemetery.

Mrs. Erastus Hayes is spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Austin, and family of Mexico.

Miss Ruth Richardson, a student at Boston University, has arrived home and will spend the summer with her parents at Pinewood Camp.

Quite a delegation from Canton attended the G. A. R. and Relief Corps convention at Lewiston.

Miss Lila Abbott is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Emma Stratton, of Rumford Centre.

Miss Mildred Richardson closed a successful school at Hartford, Friday, with an entertainment and refreshments of cake and ice cream. Twenty-seven visitors were present. Miss Richardson plans to go into training for a nurse in the fall.

The district meeting of Old Fellows was held at Canton, Wednesday evening and the guests were entertained in a royal manner. After the meeting speeches were made and an entertainment enjoyed. At the close all marched to the Canton Inn, headed by the drum corps, where a delicious banquet was served to about 140.

Miss Sadie Reed, who is at the C. M. G. hospital is getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Bryant and son, Miran, of Madrid have been guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Bryant.

Four auto loads of Canton people went to Snow Angel Falls, Monday, and enjoyed the day with a picnic dinner at this delightful place.

Mr. and Mrs. Shirley Turrell of Auburn have been guests at the home of A. F. and Carrie E. Hayford.

Mrs. Fannie Davenport has been quite ill, but is now better.

Mrs. G. H. Johnson is recovering from an attack of erysipelas in her face.

Mrs. C. E. Knight of Rockland, Mass., has been a guest of Mrs. Cora B. Fuller.

Mrs. Fuller is also entertaining her daughter in law, Mrs. Ralph Fuller, and two children of Belmont, Mass.

New arrivals at Pinewood Camp are: Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Varin of New York City, Mrs. C. S. Hawkins of Swansea, Mass., Mrs. Katherine K. Hendrick of Swansea Village, Mass., and Mrs. G. W. Poole of Milton, Mass., and Mrs. Strong of Belmont, Mass., and Dale Scott of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Cora B. Fuller has been spending a few days at her old home in Livermore.

A short entertainment and social was given at the meeting of Evergreen Chapter, O. E. S., Tuesday evening.

Dr. George W. Smallwood of Boston, the noted ophthalmologist, is spending a few weeks at Pinewood Camp.

Mrs. W. B. Robinson of Hartford is quite ill.

### NOYES @ PIKE BLUE STORES

South Paris

**Costs of Woolens and Tailoring Are Higher --that there is no escaping. But you will be surprised to find IN OUR STORES**

**how we have overcome these high prices by long ago buying.**

A first-class tailor at your service to make the garments fit at no extra charge.

**Buy Your Next Suit of Us.**

**NOYES @ PIKE**

**IRA C. JORDAN**

**General Merchandise**

**BETHEL, MAINE**

WE HAVE

**Many BARGAINS Left**

from our Clearance Sale

One large lot of Women's Button Boots which we are selling for \$2.00. They are worth \$4.00 and \$4.50.

Also a lot which we are selling for \$1.50. These are small sizes, but are worth from \$4.00 to \$5.00 per pair. If your size is here, they are surely great bargains.

**E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.**

Opera House Block, Telephone 38-2.

NORWAY,

MAINE

We pay postage on all mail orders.

**Buttermakers, Attention!**

Buyers will soon insist that your name be printed on butter wrappers. Common ink or an indelible pencil will not do. Our workmanship and quality of stock are of the best.

#### PRICES:

For sizes 9x12--8x12--8x11--9x11

**\$3.50 per 1000 Sheets**

Postage 15 cents additional

**\$2.25 per 500 Sheets**

Postage 10 cents additional

For each additional 1000 sheets ordered at same time, add to the price of first 1000, \$2.75 and 15 cents postage for each 1000

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**\$3.00 per 1000 Sheets**

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For each additional 1000 sheets ordered at same time, add to the price of first 1000, \$2.25 and 10 cents postage for each 1000

**The Citizen Office**

**Automobile Insurance**

Before you start your car be sure it is covered by one of our Policies protecting you against loss from Fire, Theft, Suits for Personal Injury, Property Damage or Collision.

Rates reasonable. Companies the Best. Write for information.

**STUART W. GOODWIN**

INSURANCE

146 MAIN STREET

NORWAY, MAINE

Mrs. Milton Luce is visiting relatives in Massachusetts.

Mrs. Evelyn Dunn has been to Auburn, where she was called by the death of a relative, T. M. Lombard.

Canton schools close this week and the high school graduation held Friday evening.

#### LOCKE'S MILLS

Donald Toblets was in Auburn the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Crockett visited with relatives in Rockfield and Sumner, Sunday.

Mrs. W. B. Rand was in Lewiston, Thursday, having dental work done.

Mrs. Tenn Woodman of Mechanic Falls was a guest of relatives in town last week.

Mrs. Clara Brown has gone to Bethel to work for A. C. Frost.

Mr. and Mrs. James Rigg, Mrs. Mary Bartlett, Bertha Bartlett and Geraldine Bartlett attended grange at Bryant's Pond, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brown are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter, born Sunday.

Elmer Fiske has sold his cows.

## Middle Aged Women

**Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.**

Fremont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. Gooden, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. Florence Isella, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

**In Such Cases**

**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND**

**has the greatest record for the greatest good**

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.





# Ladies' Suits ARE MARKED DOWN

Many have been waiting for this mark down, as soon as it is known by the prudent shopper, they lose no time in getting to the store to make an early selection before sizes are broken. The Suits are not freaky, so if you purchase one now it will be good style for a long time.

One Lot of Suits that were \$42.50 and \$45.00, now \$34.75.  
Other Suits now \$17.75, \$19.75, \$24.75.

## CHILDREN'S DRESSES

Fast Color, Made Better, Wear Better

Unusual styles, the kind that will make the little tot look so cute you'll get double pleasure from every dress she wears. They are made of fine quality Zephyr Chambray, of Fancy Plaids and plain that are guaranteed fast color, they are made better than you would make them yourself.

DRESSES, 2 to 6 years, \$2.45, \$2.95, \$3.45.

DRESSES, 6 to 14 years, \$3.45, \$3.95, \$4.45, \$4.95.

## LADIES' PORCH DRESSES

Summer Days Suggest Cool Dresses

Neat styles, but not too fussy. Made to wear and to stand frequent washing, a large assortment to select from, fancy plaids and plain colors, many are trimmed with buttons, they have pique collars and cuffs. Many have long sashes. An assortment we are proud to show.

Dresses \$3.95, \$4.45, \$4.95, \$5.95 up to \$12.45

**Brown, Buck & Co.,**  
NORWAY, MAINE

### MIDDLE INTERVAL ROAD

Ned Carter has three more new horses which he purchased in Lewiston last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ned Carter went to Lewiston, Monday afternoon and took their little son, Augustus, to the hospital for an operation on the tonsils and adenoids.

Mrs. R. T. Russell and sister, Isabelle Shirley, are expected Friday to open their home here for the summer.

Mrs. Robert Sanborn has a new Buick Roadster.

Miss Ethel Capen spent a week with her aunt, Jennie Oates, at the village who was quite ill for a few days.

J. P. Goodridge visited his son on Kimball Hill, Sunday.

Mrs. Merion Soole from Portland is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Stanley.

Miss Frances Carter and Miss May Wiley went to Norway, Monday, by auto.

Mr. and Mrs. Mellen Cooper and son, Leslie, spent a few days at George Osgood's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Beardslee from Lynn visited at Ned Carter's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Capen and daughter were callers at Ned Carter's, Sunday.

Mrs. Wilbert Baker and little daughter, June, spent the day with her mother, Sunday.

### BONCO POND

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Deane of Auburn were guests at F. H. Bennett's over Sunday.

Arthur C. Herrick of Norway is working for A. B. Kimball.

Leah N. Kimball and wife are rejoicing over the birth of a baby girl, born Tuesday, June 17, weight 8 1/2 lbs.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Cole of Bryant's Pond are the guests of Mrs. Cole's brother, Freeman H. Bennett.

The first Sunday night did sound

erable damage to some of the farmers in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Logan and children were Sunday visitors at A. B. Kimball's.

Mrs. Florence Lapham is working for her sister, Mrs. L. N. Kimball.

Mrs. Florence Upton and daughter, Violet, have gone to Norway for a short stay.

Tom Logan went to Norway, Friday night, to join the Moose Lodge.

Mrs. William Laws of Bethel with friend, Miss Peacock, of Haverhill, Mass., were guests of Mrs. Abner Kimball, Wednesday.

There will be a meeting at Song's schoolhouse, Sunday at 2:30 o'clock, at one at Tann House at 4 o'clock. Mr. Osborne of Hunt's Corner will be the speaker. All are welcome.

Misses Lida and Pearl McAllister of Norway are on a visit to their aunt, Mrs. Herman Brown.

### WEST PERU AND DIOKVALE

Yarn Staples is repairing the bridges in this part of the town.

N. S. Stowell has several men with teams at work hauling squares from the mill at Diokvale in Dixfield, where they are turned into spools, etc.

H. K. Washburne began work at Dixfield, Sunday night and goes back and forth with H. E. Hulse.

Mrs. Miss Putnam Tracy is visiting in town.

Many in this vicinity are ill with bad colds.

Mrs. L. K. Lovejoy spent Sunday at Roxbury Pond with a party of relatives and friends.

Lester Child and Ned Farrar are among the recent arrivals in town from overseas.

Friends of Fred Lovejoy are glad to hear he is in good health and enjoying himself in Germany for a time. He hopes to be home in a year's time.

Word has been received of the death of Mrs. William Abbott at So. Waterford, Tuesday.

A game of ball was played between the Bethel town team and Locke's Mills town team last Saturday, resulting in a score of 13 to 0 in favor of Bethel.

Married at the Congregational parsonage, Saturday evening, June 21, Mr. Wayne Allison York and Miss Edna Vivian Abbott, both of Magalloway Plantation. The single ring service was used.

The third degree will be conferred at the meeting of the Odd Fellows, Friday evening. Refreshments will be served. All Odd Fellows are invited to be present.

Dr. Adelbert Twitchell of Newark, N. J., and Mr. Henry Twitchell of Short Hills, N. J., spent the week end with their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Upton.

Mr. F. E. Purrington, who has been at the Bethel station for the past ten years, has recently received his promotion to the Garham, N. H. station and will leave for there in a few weeks.

### SOUTH ALBANY

Mr. and Mrs. Roy O. Wardwell and son, Arthur, and Cecil Kimball were in East Stenholm, Sunday.

Merritt Sawin has been quite ill. Dr. Twaddle was called to see him.

Dr. and Mrs. J. O. Littlefield called at James Kimball's last week, Wednesday.

Roy Wardwell was in North Waterford, Friday, setting up and repairing telephone machines.

Roy Lord carried a party to West Lovell, Friday night to a dance.

Strawberries are very plenty, everywhere in the field after them.

Charles Buck and Frank Abbott were at Leon Kimball's one day, recently. Mr. Abbott used to live here; everyone is glad to see him come home on a visit.

There will be a dance at Albany Grange Hall, Saturday night, June 28. Robert Hill worked for Leon Kimball a few days recently.

Roy Wardwell, Leon Kimball and Rob Stearns attended the union school board meeting at North Lovell, Tuesday evening, June 17.

## BETHEL AND VICINITY.

Mrs. Gertie Bartlett was in Rumford, Saturday, on business.

Mrs. Davis Lovejoy was in South Paris one day last week.

Mrs. Holman has purchased the Harry Juman house on Mill Hill.

Miss Bertha Bailey is the guest of her brother at Lisbon, Maine.

Mrs. Lucy Polson is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Alma Mitchell.

Mrs. Harlan Wheeler visited relatives in Gray a few days last week.

Mr. T. B. Burke was a business visitor in Lewiston and Auburn, Tuesday.

Mrs. Helen Stearns of Paris is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Annie Wiley.

Mr. Arthur Stearns and wife of Hancock were calling on friends in town, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Barrows of West Paris were guests of Mrs. Ida Douglas last week.

Mr. Edward Allen of Portland was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Elmer Allen, last week.

Mrs. Frank Williamson has returned home from Berlin, where she has been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hammond of West Paris were Saturday guests of Miss L. M. Stearns.

Prof. F. H. Dodge and wife of New Brunswick, N. J., arrived Tuesday to spend a few weeks.

Mr. Ralph Young and Mr. Ralph Sawyer were home from Houghton, Me., for the week end.

Mrs. Ida Douglas is assisting with the housework during Mr. and Mrs. N. R. Springer's absence.

Mrs. B. P. Stearns has been spending a week with her daughter, Mrs. Eben Kilborn, at Soigo Pond.

Corp. George Pinhero has received his discharge from Camp Upton and is visiting friends in town.

Dr. L. H. Wight and family were guests of Mr. A. C. Wight and family at Milan, N. H., Sunday.

Mr. Clyde Dean and family, who have been guests of Mrs. Abbie Dean, are visiting relatives in West Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Campbell of Philadelphia are guests of Mrs. Campbell's sister, Mrs. F. E. Purrington.

D. Grover Brooks, who recently returned from overseas, is soon to open his hardware store on Main street.

Judge A. E. Herrick was in Brunswick, Friday, to attend the meeting of the Board of Overseers of Bowdoin College.

Mrs. Harold Rollins and two children, who have been visiting at Mrs. Rollins' home in Dexter, returned home, Thursday.

Mrs. Wallace Clark and son, Albert were in South Paris last week to attend the graduation exercises at Paris High School.

Rpt. C. E. Lord and son, Dwight, are visiting at Mr. Lord's home in Lisbon Falls and attending Commencement at Bates College.

W. W. Kigore, H. H. Hastings and F. H. Merrill motored to Brunswick, Monday, to attend Commencement at Bowdoin College.

Word was received by Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Tuell, Monday that their son, Charles, had arrived at Camp Mills, N. Y., from overseas.

Mr. Carl Neal of Auburn was calling on friends in town the first of the week prior to his going to Alliston, Mass., where he has employment in a hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hall, Mr. Dana Hall and Mr. L. A. Hall motored to New Assen and Bangham, Sunday, where they will spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. Frank Leach and family have been spending a week with Mr. Leach's mother, Mrs. Lucy Leach. They left Sunday to visit his sister, Mrs. Arthur Robertson, in Bath, also will visit Bangsley Lakes before returning to their home in Berens.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred P. Chandler and daughter, Marjorie, and Mr. and Mrs. Bertram Danham motored to Rumford, Sunday, returned by the way of Bethel and touched with Mrs. Chandler's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Chandler. Mr. Danham returned from overseas the last of April.

Mr. C. E. Briggs spent Sunday in Bethel.

Miss Lucy Fox is assisting with the work at Mrs. Melissa Tuell's.

Mr. C. L. Davis was in Bridgton, Tuesday and Portland, Wednesday.

Mrs. Clara Brown is assisting with the housework at Mr. A. C. Frost's.

Mr. W. C. Garey has gone on a fishing trip to the Lakes for a few days.

Miss Helen Merrill of Gray is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harlan Wheeler.

Miss Mary Atherton is visiting her aunt, Mrs. H. S. Stanley, for a few days.

Rev. C. S. Cummings of Auburn was a business visitor in town, Tuesday.

Mrs. Harry Sawin and son, Glyndon, went to Lowell, Mass., Thursday for a few weeks visit.

Prof. F. E. Hanscom and family have gone to their farm at Mechanic Falls for the summer.

Mr. T. B. Goodwin went to Hotel Wentworth, Portsmouth, N. H., Sunday, where he has employment.

Mr. Harvey Mansfield of Jonesport is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Ella Mansfield.

Mrs. Califf and daughter of Norway were guests of her brother, Dr. E. L. Brown, and family last week.

Mr. H. C. Rowe and family have moved to their camp at Locke's Mills for the summer.

Mr. George Thomas has employment with Prof. W. R. Chapman at Shelburne, N. H., for the summer.

Dr. W. B. Twaddle and wife are guests of Dr. O. H. Brann and family at Augusta.

An entertainment will be given by the Christian Endeavor Society, Sept. 23rd.

Miss Annie Clark, who has been caring for Mrs. C. E. Briggs and young son, has gone to New Gloucester, Me.

## COTTAGE STUDIO NOTES

We carry in stock hand carved, and metal frames in a great variety of styles in sizes from half cabinet to eight by ten.

Large oval convex glass frames at reasonable prices.

Framing of all kinds may be entrusted to us with perfect confidence.

## NORWAY, MAINE

The Westcott Club will hold a supper in the grove on Mason street, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. O. M. Mason spent several days at South Paris with her son, L. L. Mason, and family.

Miss Ernestine Philbrook returned home from Bates College, Friday, for the summer vacation.

Mrs. Fred Bean and son, Freeborn, of East Bethel were guests of Mrs. Edmund Merrill and family, Thursday.

Mrs. R. H. Gates and Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Gates and family of Paris were Sunday guests of Mrs. Annie Wiley.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Hastings and daughter, Ruth, and Mrs. Annie Wiley motored to Auburn, Thursday to visit relatives.

Miss Elizabeth Chapman has completed her duties as principal of Dixfield High School and returned home for the summer vacation.

Mrs. Ezra Cross of Berlin, Mrs. Abbie Dean, Miss Annie Cross and Mrs. Annie Hamilton motored to Portland the first of the week.

Mrs. F. E. Purrington was in Portland, Monday, to attend the graduation exercises of her niece, Miss Elele Loighton, from the Portland High School.

Mr. Rowe was in town, Wednesday, to pack Mrs. Fickett's household goods and send them to Yarmouth, where she will make her home with her brother.

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## MAINE SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

BUSINESS, SECRETARIAL, CIVIL SERVICE, and NORMAL COURSES

(Gregg and Pitman Shorthand)

This school, in co-operation with Bates College, is to give the commercial courses offered to teachers of secondary work in the Summer School of 1919, held under the supervision of the State Department of Education.

Summer session, for beginning and advanced students, opens Tuesday, July 8. Fall term begins September 8. Write for prospectus.

## MAINE SCHOOL OF COMMERCE

H. W. MANN, Principal

53 COURT STREET AUBURN, MAINE

## Bathing Suits

## Children's Hats

in Straw and Canvas

## Straw Hats

for Men and Boys

## Ladies' Dresses

in Voiles No Two Alike.

## New Organdies

## Waist Line Suits

For Young Men.

The Latest Thing in Summer Wear.

Automobile Tires,  
Gasolene, Oils and Accessories

## Carver's

Our Special Sale of Groceries  
on Saturday as usual.

FOR YOUR  
Plumbing, Heating and Sheet Metal Work

GO TO

J. B. HUSTON

MAIN STREET

BETHEL, MAINE

## RUMFO

Mrs. F. E. Stevens has wood for the summer months being employed there Central Railroad.

Virt West is enjoying vacation at Bay Point.

Mrs. M. G. Boucher is Hospital in Lewiston, being treated for a nervous condition.

Lieutenant Ena Carrio his former position with Falls Trust Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel H. have resided on Knox street years past, have now moved.

Mr. Bissonette has purchased a house on Pen and has moved into the rent.

Charles Dunt



## RUMFORD

Mrs. F. E. Stevens has left for Rockwood for the summer months. Mr. Stevens being employed there for the Maine Central Railroad.

Virt West is enjoying a two weeks vacation at Bay Point.

Mrs. M. G. Boucher is at the Sister's Hospital in Lewiston, where she is being treated for a nervous trouble.

Lieutenant Elna Carrier has resumed his former position with the Rumford Falls Trust Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel D. Leader, who have resided on Knox street for several years past, have now moved to Lewiston.

Mr. Bissonette has purchased the W. V. Lander house on Penobscot street and has moved into the down stairs rent.

Charles Danton has been presented with an auto by his father, Mr. Hollis C. Danton. The Dantons are now enjoying camp life at their camp at Howland Pond.

A new bug in this section is working havoc with the apples, plums, cherries, beans, cucumbers, and tomato plants. The bug looks like a rose beetle, and is olive green in color. They strike in swarms. A representative from the State Entomologist office who has been in town recently, says that anything infected with the bug should be dusted or sprayed with arsenate of lead.

Mrs. Harry Demmons is visiting Miss Maude Kelley at Lincoln, N. H. Mrs. Demmons is taking a much needed rest from her work of nursing.

The Virginia District Happy Jack Thrift Club has been making a grand record for the past month. The primary grade has purchased \$17.50; the first and second grades, \$2.00; the third grade, \$12.00; fourth grade, \$4.50; fifth and sixth grades, \$1.55; and the seventh grade, \$1.50, making a total of \$38.75.

Major John A. Hadley and family of Rumford avenue are in Machias, the guests of Major Hadley's father, Mr. John O. Hadley. They will remain until after the fourth of July.

Miss Margaret McMaster of Somerset street has gone to Old Orchard Beach to remain during the summer months.

Through his attorney, Matthew McCarthy, Charles Danton has brought suit against the Director General of Railroads in the sum of \$50,000 for the loss of both legs while employed for the Maine Central Railroad Company. The case will be tried at the October term of the Supreme Judicial Court for Oxford County.

John McMaster of Rumford, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McMaster of Somerset street, has been elected secretary of the Hebrew Academy Athletic Association.

Mrs. George Lufkin, formerly Miss Sarah Eaton of Rumford, and five children of Chicago have arrived in town to spend the summer months, having taken the home of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Martin in Stratiglass Park during their stay.

Miss Edna Haver, who has held the position as assistant instructor in manual training in the public schools for the past year, has resigned to accept a better position offered her at the Farmington Normal School.

Friends of A. P. White of Bangor, but formerly of Rumford, will be interested to know that he has very recently accepted a position as travelling auditor with the Maine Central Railroad Company, with headquarters at Bangor. Mr. White left Rumford last fall.

Miss Lavina Irish, who has served in France for over a year as Red Cross nurse, was recently discharged, and has accepted her former position as head nurse at the McCarty Hospital.

June 26th is the day set for the annual Universalist picnic. Mrs. Fred H. Atwood has invited the church to hold the picnic at her camp at Howard Pond, and the invitation has been accepted.

The Literary Union of Oxford County was formed last week when the officers of the Searchlight Club of Rumford met those of the Advance Club of Dixfield, and the Christian Valley Literary Club and Seneca Club of Norway at the Bethel Inn. A constitution was drawn up, the object of the union being intellectual advancement and community service.

Miss Frances Wiggin, who left Rumford last year to fulfill a position offered her by the New Hampshire State Department, has accepted her former position as assistant domestic science teacher in the Rumford schools.

Stanley White, one of this year's graduates from Stephen's High school, expects to join his father, Willard I.

## BETHEL EVIDENCE FOR BETHEL PEOPLE

The Statements of Bethel Residents Are Surely More Reliable Than Those of Utter Strangers

Home testimony is real proof. Public statements of Bethel people carry real weight.

What a friend or neighbors says compels respect.

The word of one whose home is far away invites your doubts.

Here's a Bethel man's statement. And it's for Bethel people's benefit. Such evidence is convincing.

That's the kind of proof that backs Doan's Kidney Pills.

A. L. Holt, carpenter, Elm St., says: "I am always ready to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills on account of the benefit they brought me. I keep Doan's Kidney Pills in the house and use them as I feel in need of them. I get Doan's at Bossman's Drug Store and they quickly relieve any disorder of my kidneys and my confidence in them is very strong."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Holt had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

White, in Melvin Village, N. H., where he will have employment. Mr. and Mrs. Cuvier White have a room for light housekeeping at the home of Mr. White's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willard I. White, of Penobscot street.

Mrs. Edith Neal, principal of Pettengill school, will be one of the instructors in the summer school here, which begins July 7th, having charge of playgrounds and school gardens.

Miss Enna Gleason, supervisor of Chisholm school, has gone to Quincy, Mass., where she will visit for a time with friends.

Mrs. Luna Bennett of the Virginia District is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Holman, formerly Miss Lura Bennett, of Denmark.

Superintendent Leroy E. Williams of the Rumford schools will attend the Superintendent's Conference which is to be held in Castine, July 7th to 12th.

The teachers engaged for the Rumford summer school are: Principal, Miss Enna Gleason; assistants, Miss Alice Rowe, Miss Eva Deering, and Mrs. Marietta Sweney. The sessions will be held in the Pettengill school building on Main avenue.

Miss Eva Deering, who has been rooming at the home of Leroy Williams during the winter months, will room during the session of the summer school at the home of Mrs. Charles E. Franklin on Franklin street.

Stratiglass Commandery of Rumford entertained Oriental Commandery of Bridgton on Tuesday, June 24th, known as St. John's Day. The Bridgton Sir Knights arrived in town by auto during the first part of the forenoon, headquarters being made at the Municipal building, where from 10.30 to eleven o'clock a reception to the visiting Knights was held, followed by refreshments when at 11.45 a line of march was formed consisting of the two commanderies with the Rumford band and the Bridgton band, and the march was taken to Knox street to the lawn of Sir Knights of Stevenson, Shea and Dunham, where light refreshments of ice cream and soft drinks were served by the ladies of the Eastern Star.

At 1 p. m. the march was resumed over various streets of the town for a half hour, when the visiting Knights were shown over the town and taken into the various mills. At 4 p. m. a banquet was served in Municipal Hall, the Bridgton Knights departing for home about 6.30 o'clock.

A rest room has been fitted up for the employees of the Continental Paper Bag mill which is most attractive. The furnishings are of mission and leather, the use of many magazines is given, a victrola is one of the luxuries in order that dancing may be indulged in, and everything to make it home-like and pretty is being done. The room is for rest, for social affairs, or for lunching at noontime, and is a very desirable addition to the mill.

Laughter and Medicine. "A good hearty laugh is better than medicine," remarked the cheery citizen.

"Yes," replied the fearfully calculating person. "But a druggist won't charge you near as much for a little medicine as it is liable to cost to see expects to join his father, Willard I.

## ANDOVER

Miss Stella Roberts from Flint, Michigan, is visiting her brother, Harry Roberts, and family, and sister, Mrs. Virgil Cole.

Amie Akers is to teach the seventh grade in the Virginia school at Rumford this fall.

Fred Dresser and son, Frank, from Somerville, Mass., are visiting their cousin, Mrs. Alice Thurston, this week.

There were no services at the Congregational church, Sunday.

Mrs. Y. A. Thurston, Mrs. R. L. Thurston, Mrs. Charles Bartlett and Mrs. Irving Akers were among the invited guests at Parity Chapter, O. E. S., at Bethel, Wednesday evening of last week.

Mr. William Towne from New York is visiting his sister, Mrs. Dora Mills, and nephew, I. E. Mills, and family.

Mr. Richard Wheatland with a guide was in camp at C Pond the first of the week.

Lone Mt. Grange was invited to visit Rumford Grange last Saturday and a goodly number attended and reported a fine time.

Amelia Marston has been assisting her agent, Mattie Cutting, who has been quite lame.

Supt. J. J. Howard of Mexico was in town this week visiting schools.

Miss Florence Akers will teach in the Virginia school at Rumford next year.

Frank Thomas arrived home from Sidney, Nova Scotia, Friday of last week.

Cyrus Meekin has gone to work in the mill for the Dutton Lumber Co.

A number of members of Cabot Lodge K. of P. attended the Oxford Bear Lodge at Hanover, Saturday evening, when Walden Lodge of Mexico was a guest and worked second and third degrees on two candidates. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

Mrs. Joseph Parsons passed away on Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sylvanus Poor, after several weeks illness. Prayers were held at the house, Thursday afternoon. The body was taken to Monmouth for interment.

A heavy frost visited Andover, Sunday night, killing beans, corn and damaging potatoes in many gardens.

Louis Morton has been buying wool for the Rumford Tallow Co.

Mrs. Joel Morton is confined to her bed with illness.

L. E. Mills and wife, Mrs. Dora Mills and W. M. Towne enjoyed an auto ride to Bethel, Sunday.

## SCARCITY OF ICE CALLS FOR SCRUPULOUS CARE IN DAIRIES

Producers Must Keep Milk Clean, Cold, and Covered. Sterilization of Utensils is Important Factor, and Department Offers Directions for Making Efficient Equipment Cheaply

Keeping milk fresh and sweet this summer is likely to be more of a problem than usual. Cold is the most important single factor in keeping milk sweet, and ice is usually necessary to accomplish this. In most natural ice sections of the country, however, there is a marked scarcity of natural ice. Hereafter in regions where 85 per cent of American milk has been produced, natural ice has been plentiful and cheap, and has been the principal means by which a perishable food product has been sent long distances to market without spoilage.

As a result of the mild winter in many sections little natural ice was harvested, and since in the North the manufacture of artificial ice is confined principally to the larger cities, it is doubtful if this product would be available to milk producers even if the price could be made satisfactory.

Must Observe Three C's. On account of the lack of ice dairymen will be compelled to use scrupulous care in the production and handling of milk and cream, say dairy specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. It will be necessary to adhere more closely than ever to the three C's in caring for milk—keeping it clean, cold, and covered.

One of the most important factors in reducing the bacterial count in milk, and thus lengthen its keeping qualities, is the sterilization of utensils. Pails, strainers, separators, surface coolers, and shipping cans must be cleaned and sterilized, preferably by steam. Every farmer who can afford it should possess a steam boiler and sterilizer. If he feels that this is too great an expense there are other sterilizers on the market, cheap but efficient, which will render milk utensils sterile. A satisfactory home-made sterilizer has been developed by the United States Department of Agriculture, and can be made at a cost of about \$10. Complete directions for making it may be obtained by addressing the department at Washington, D. C.

Such important factors as clean udder, milking with clean hands, keeping the stables clean, and the use of small-top pails will lower the bacterial count, and should be carefully observed by all milk producers.

Wells and Springs Help. In cooling milk dairymen should use facilities already existing, such as cellars.

## SAVED MY LIFE SAYS MAN IN MAINE

Henry O. Hanley of 17 Cross street, Belfast, Maine, writes us: "I am feeling lots better and think your Elixir (Dr. True's Elixir) saved my life."

Dr. True's Elixir is a great medicine, a family laxative and worm expeller. It tones the stomach, moves the bowels and expels worms. Surprising it is how many people have worms. Children suffer from worms as do adults. Signs or symptoms of worms are: Droned stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly with navel, pale face of lenden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever. Write us if you want to. Address, Dr. J. F. True & Co., Auburn, Maine. Get Dr. True's Elixir from your dealer at once. The cost is small. It expels worms and restores health. On the market for over 60 years.—Adv.

## PROBATE NOTICES

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named: At a Probate Court, held at Paris in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen. The following matters having been presented for the action thereupon, hereafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Paris, on the third Tuesday of July, A. D. 1919, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Wilson Thomas late of Rumford, deceased; will and petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Martha Thomas as executrix of the same to act without bond as expressed in said will presented by said Martha Thomas, the executrix therein named.

C. C. Lapham late of Greenwood, deceased; petition for license to sell and convey real estate presented by Herbert E. Day, executor.

Owen Lovejoy late of Andover, deceased; final account presented for allowance by Ole I. Lovejoy, administrator.

Deloraine A. Cole late of Woodstock, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Myra M. Cole, administratrix.

Ceylon Day, late of Lovell, deceased; petition for order to distribute balance remaining in his hands presented by Waldo N. Seavoy, administrator.

Samuel Peabody, late of Gilead, deceased; second account presented for allowance by Shirley E. Haselton, only surviving trustee under will of said Peabody.

Charles F. Farrington, late of Bethel, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Alice M. Farrington, administratrix.

Witness, ADDISON E. HERRICK, Judge of said Court at Paris, this third Tuesday of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

A. D. PARK, Register.

## NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of Mary J. Tilton, deceased, in the County of Oxford, and given bond as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

JOHN G. GERRING, Bethel, Maine.

## NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Timothy E. Gill late of Greenwood in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bond as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

FLORENCE E. KILGORE, Newry, Maine.

water in wells and springs. When milk is drawn from a cow it has a temperature of about 95° F. In the North well and spring water generally varies in temperature from 50° F. to 60° F. By the use of surface coolers and a tank of cold running water milk can quickly be cooled and held within 2 to 4 degrees of the temperature of the water.

During warm weather it may be necessary to ship or deliver milk twice a day. This would have a tendency to check spoilage, especially of evening milk, which is usually more than 12 hours old when shipped. Milk dealers can do much to prevent spoilage by pasteurizing the milk. Pasteurization not only kills disease bacteria but reduces the bacterial count, and therefore delays spoilage.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

## WEST PARIS

Arthur T. Flavin arrived home from overseas Thursday. His coming was a very pleasant surprise to his family and friends, as the notice of his coming was received only two or three days previous to his arrival. He is engaged in Red Cross work, and expected to go to Palestine, but was sent home on account of trouble and bloodshed over there. He enlisted in the medical corps in 1917.

J. R. Tucker remains very ill.

Clara Bacon, who has been teaching at Farmington, and Grace Brock, and Mildred Davis, who were graduated from Farmington Normal, have arrived home.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Bates and Miss Della Lane have been spending several days at the Bates camp at Little Concord Pond.

The Jolly Twelve Whist Club was entertained last week by Mrs. Edwin J. Mann at their camp, "Idylwild," Locke's Mills.

Mrs. Diana Wall Pitts has received word that her husband has arrived from overseas and is at Camp Mills.

Mrs. Wall of Rockport spent commencement week with her daughter, Mrs. D. J. Pitts.

Dr. and Mrs. F. E. Wheeler attended the graduating exercises at South Paris, Thursday evening.

Wednesday evening the senior reception was held at Centennial Hall. The hall was prettily decorated with green and white, the class colors, and made to look home-like with chairs and rugs. In the receiving line were Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Park of South Paris, Mrs. Pitts and Mrs. Hall, and the five seniors, Marjorie McAllister, Edith Stevens, Frank Packard, George Metcalf, Sherman Billings. After the reception a very good program was rendered. Dancing and games followed and ice cream was served.

Thursday evening Grange Hall was crowded to witness the graduating exercises. The hall was prettily decorated with the national colors. The class motto, "Safe on First, Now Score," was in green and white, the class colors. The class parts were all well rendered. Hon. A. C. Wheeler presented the diplomas, and Shaw furnished music. Seated on the stage with the class were Mrs. Pitts, Mrs. Hall, Hon. A. C. Wheeler, F. R. Penley, Rev. H. A. Markley, Rev. H. H. Hathaway.

Friday the high school with members of the alumni and friends enjoyed a picnic at E. J. Mann's camp, "Idylwild," Locke's Mills.

Friday evening was the annual alumni banquet at Centennial Hall. Onward Rebekah Lodge served the supper, which was pronounced very fine. An excellent program of music, speeches and readings was enjoyed.

Saturday the closing feature of the week was a ball game between West Paris High and Bridgton High in the athletic field.

The school paper, "The Nautilus," was put on sale Thursday evening, and contains the class pictures and class parts, and is entirely gotten up by the high school with the exception of the poem, "The Night Before Christmas in Dix," written by Dr. Wheeler. This poem is a splendid contribution to the work of the Y in France.

After four years of able service, Mrs. Diana W. Pitts will resign her position as principal of West Paris High school. Mrs. Pitts did not expect to return last year, but Mr. Pitts being in service, she consented to return.

Rev. H. A. Markley attended a funeral at Buckfield, Friday, and at Black Mountain, Saturday.

## GROVER HILL

T. B. Burke was in the place buying stock for the Auburn market, Saturday.

Mr. F. E. Wheeler and family from Bethel called at A. B. Grover's, Sunday. Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Tyler, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Mills of Mason, visited friends at East Bethel.

Ell F. Stearns from Bethel was in the place, collecting eggs, Monday p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Andrews, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Evander B. Whitman, motored from Norway, Sunday morning, to join a family picnic party from Milan and Berlin, N. H., at the Whitman homestead.

Mrs. A. L. Whitman's three brothers, Alfred, Elsworth and George A. Blake, with a party of other relatives from Milan, N. H., were in town for the day, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Andrews from Bethel were in the place, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Lyon from Auburn were week end guests at the Lyon homestead.

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Bethel Savings Bank has been notified that book of deposit issued by said bank to Mrs. Cynthia Holt Waldron and numbered 2901, has been destroyed or lost, and that she desires to have a new book of deposit issued to her.

BETHEL SAVINGS BANK, A. E. Herrick, Treas., Bethel, Me.

June 16, 1919. 6-19-19.

COMMUNITY ORAUTAQUA BETHEL, JULY 25-26.

## DR. MERRILL'S VETERINARY REMEDIES

FOR DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Preparations for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Dogs, Cats and Poultry. Colic Drops—Used in the beginning will cure 95 per cent of all cases of colic. Fever Drops; for all cases of fever and acclimating green horses. Cough Powder; following pneumonia, strangles, etc.

Diuretic Powder; for kidneys and liver and a preventative against Blackwater.

Spavin treatment that is a wonder. Worm Powder; very effective. Liniments for sprains, bruises and all forms of acute lameness. Heavy treatment, that gives the desired result.

A special liniment for enked and swollen udder. Absorbing Liniment for removing shoe-balls, curbs, etc.

A concentrated tonic for horses and cattle.

Send a 3c stamp for circular giving full information and prices. All remedies guaranteed for purity and full medicinal strength.

Address C. M. MERRILL, D. V. S., South Paris, Maine. Telephone Norway Exchange 160-11 5-15-11.

## EGGS LIVE POULTRY

Also Dressed Poultry. Largest commission receivers of Live Poultry in Boston. This means best service and highest prices for you. Immediate returns. Quotations and tags on request.

Ref. Old South Trust Co. W. F. WYMAN & CO., 4 Faneuil Hall Market, Boston, Mass.

## BUSINESS CARDS

FURNISHED ROOMS AUTO AND TEAM CONVEYANCE C. C. BRYANT, 2 Mechanic Street, Bethel, Maine. Telephone Connection.

H. E. LITTLEFIELD, AUTO AND HORSE LIVERY, Day or Night Service, Bethel, Maine. Telephone

GUY E. JACK LICENSED EMBALMER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR Dealer in Furniture, Linoleums, etc., Picture Frames, Mirrors, Glass, Mouldings, Carpets, Curtains, Fixtures. Special attention given to undertaking. Telephone—Store, 49-3; Res., 49-2

HERRICK & PARK, Attorneys-at-Law, Bethel, Maine.

E. E. Whitney & Co. BETHEL, MAINE. Marble & Granite Workers. Chaste Designs. First-Class Workmanship. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. See our work. Get our prices.

E. E. WHITNEY & CO. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

W. B. RAYMOND, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND Oculist. Special attention given to diseases of the eye. Glasses scientifically fitted. Will be at Mrs. Lizzie Thurston's residence, Mechanic Street, Bethel, every Thursday. 6-1

QUARRIES, FACTORY LOCATIONS, MILL SITES, FARMS, SITES FOR SUMMER HOTELS AND CAMPS. Located on the line of the MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD give opportunity to those desiring to make a change in location for a new start in life.

UNDEVELOPED WATER POWER, UNLIMITED RAW MATERIAL AND FARMING. Await development. Communications regarding locations are invited and will receive attention when addressed to any agent of the MAINE CENTRAL, or to INDUSTRIAL BUREAU, MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD, PORTLAND, MAINE.

READ the Advertisements

## No energy

You cannot attend to your work properly, or with any degree of satisfaction, if your head aches or if you feel dull and groggy from a disordered stomach, or imperfect digestion. To do your work easily, quickly and well, and to keep at it, you must have a clear head.

If you have been confined in a close room, open the windows or get out for a moment and get your lungs filled with fresh air. If your stomach is disordered from fatty eating, or eating too heartily of rich or indigestible food, try a few doses of "L. F." Atwood's Medicine to start up your digestive functions. You will get speedy relief and you will find yourself doing your customary work easily and with satisfaction to yourself. Fifty cents a bottle at all dealers. Sample free from L. F. Atwood's Medicine Co., Portland, Me.

L. F. Atwood's Medicine Co.



## POEMS WORTH READING

## LIVE GRATITUDE

Last Poem By Flora Williams Wood  
When I am gone, what will my absence be?  
What said, when my ambitions float  
Will quick forgetfulness be my lot  
And all my efforts be forgot?  
With all the things I do to make life sweet  
Eventually become defeat

For I love life, I plan so many things,  
The thought of death—its sorrow brings,  
Because I know, if I were left to do  
Just what I feel to be my mission true,  
To put to use the things I have thought out  
'Twould take long life to bring about.  
And just to finish it, in all I ask,  
The plans I've made, the worth while task,  
That and Gratitude appreciation's might  
For one whose aim was—to live right,  
But if I've erred, is it the common lot,  
Then let mistakes be quick forgot.

Let all remember 'twas to be—  
The sweetest gift eternally—  
To live the life God gave, the best  
To do his work, as his bequest  
That e'en the struggle—oft I found  
Some peace so sweet, 'twas heaven pro-  
found.

Had I not always seen so much to do,  
Never ending efforts to pursue,  
With always visioning of better days  
To come,  
Each shortened by the duties one by one,  
The length of life would widen with  
The years  
And happiness be, instead of tears.

For I love life, to do my part  
With this deep pain around my heart  
Is but my cross—the cross laid hard,  
According to the Master's word.  
And with the pain I suffer most  
As with each pang I count the cost.

And, when I sum it up at last—  
The future, with the brief, and past,  
I know that dreams like mine may die,  
We cannot the Master's will defy.  
That oft before the setting sun  
Our journey's end before our work is done.

None ever lived who loved God's gifts  
In harmony,  
Or understood their meaning more than I,  
Who loved his world, its every leaf, its  
Every flower,  
And richer grew in grace each passing  
hour.

I loved his work, from sunrise to the  
evening glow.  
I thanked him for all gifts he would  
bestow.  
No gift of his was lost to my appreci-  
ative mind;  
I thanked him always for being so di-  
vinely kind.

So this I say, and hope it understood,  
To all my friends—'Live Gratitude.'  
For this you'll know is most the reason  
why.

How easy, when it comes, it is to die.  
—Flora Williams Wood.

## THE CHILDREN'S HEAVEN

By George MacDonald  
The infant lies in blessed ease  
Upon his mother's breast;  
No storm, no dark, the baby sees  
Invade his heaven of rest.  
He knows no change or death;  
Her face his only light;  
The air he breathes his mother's breath;  
His stars, his mother's eyes.

Yet half the sighs that wander there  
Are born of doubts and fears.  
The dew slow falling through that air,  
It is the dew of tears.  
And all his child, his heavenly home  
Hath seen as well as dawn.  
Dark clouds fill sometimes all his home,  
And quench the starry dawn.

Her smile would win no smile again,  
If baby saw the things  
That ache across his mother's brain,  
The while she sweetly sings.  
The faith in us is faith in caring;  
We are not what we seem;  
O dreary day, O cruel pain,  
That wakes thee from thy dream!

No, pity not his dreams so fair,  
Nor fear the waking grief;  
Oh, suffer he though we were  
Bound as his eager belief!  
There is a heaven that heaven above,  
Whither he goes now;  
A better friend than this,  
A better friend than thou.

The Father's arms fold like a nest  
His children round about;  
His face looks down, a heaven of rest,  
Where comes no dark, no doubt,  
His mist are clouds of stars that move  
In sweet concurrent strife;  
His winds the goings of his love;  
His dew the dew of life.

We for our children seek thy heart,  
For them the Father's eyes;  
Lord, when their hopes in us depart,  
Let hopes in thee arise.  
When childhood's visions them forsake,  
To women grown and men,  
Thou to thy heart their hearts will  
take,  
And bid them dream again.

OUR SOLDIER SON  
Opal Mahoney  
(Respectfully dedicated to those whose  
sons have died in France.)  
O'er the great ocean  
There sleeps a soldier brave.  
Sweetly he's resting  
Within a lonely grave.  
There for his country  
He made the sacrifice.  
What more could he do  
He gave his own life.

Since the departure  
Of our dear soldier son,  
There is a vacancy  
In our little home.  
While he in slumber  
Rests o'er the bounding main,  
We dwell in sorrow,  
In tears and in pain.

When we assemble  
To say our evening prayer,  
In our midst is standing  
A lonely vacant chair.  
Great God in heaven,  
Grant when life is o'er  
We may meet up yonder,  
On that golden shore.

JUST THE THINGS  
By Jane Arden, in The People's Home  
Journal  
Just a golden sunrise, just a word of  
cheer,  
Just a summer shower, just a rainbow  
clear;

Just a crimson sunset, just a purple hill,  
Just a shaft of moonlight when the  
world is still.  
Just a little fragrant breeze, just an  
azure sky;  
Just a murmur of the sea, just a baby's  
cry;

Just a nodding flower, just a bird's  
sweet lay,  
Just some one to greet us at the close  
of day  
Just a haunting melody—a half-for-  
gotten song,  
Just the warm sunshine through the  
whole day long;

Just the doing of our bit over willingly,  
Just the chance of helping—those across  
the sea.  
Just a friendly handclasp, just a word  
of love,  
Just the simple knowledge God is there  
above;

Just an act of kindness, just a sunny  
smile—  
These are just the things that make our  
life worth while.

## EAST BETHEL

Mr. G. H. Hastings has recently re-  
sighted his home.  
Miss Eva Dean has finished teaching  
at Harrington, Me., and returned to  
her home here.

Mrs. Lucetta Dean has returned from  
Norway for her summer vacation.  
Miss Elsie Bartlett has returned  
home from Lowell, Mass.  
Mr. Anthony Brown from Grand Har-  
bor, Mich., was last week's guest of  
Mr. and Mrs. Porter Maxwell and fam-  
ily.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Dean, ac-  
companied by Mr. and Mrs. Fred C.  
Dean, motored to Phillips and return  
last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kimball, Mrs.  
Emma Atkinson, Mrs. Belle Hamilton  
and Mrs. Clara Cole of Berlin, N. H., were  
Sunday callers of relatives here.

Mrs. Carrie Bartlett observed her  
birthday the 25th. She was given a  
surprise party by her daughter, accom-  
panied by Mrs. Sarah Billings, Miss  
Frost, Miss Atkinson and Mr. W. J.  
McKay from Bethel village, and many  
other friends. She was remembered by  
several very nice presents, among which  
was a nice birthday cake, covered with  
many candies representing her past  
birthdays. Refreshments of ice cream,  
and cold cake and many other dainties  
were served and a jolly, happy evening  
passed.

Mr. A. L. Swan and H. O. Blake  
seated by auto took Mrs. George  
Swan's party to her home in Hyatt,  
Me., last week.

## SOUTH PARIS

Walter Chandler has moved his fam-  
ily from Norway to a rent on Pine  
street here.

Harold Campbell of Portland has been  
spending a few days here with his peo-  
ple.  
Miss Lulu Chase, who has been living  
in Norway with her nephew, Myron  
Farnum, for the past year, has returned  
here and opened her home on Garry  
street. Her mother will soon return  
from Hebron.

Mrs. Gertrude Cutler is keeping  
house for Mr. and Mrs. O. E. McAdie.  
Ernest Kenney of Gardiner joined his  
wife here for the week end at Mrs.  
Horneo Edwards'.

Mrs. Maude Briggs and two daugh-  
ters, Marjorie and Mary, of Wilton,  
formerly of South Paris, are visiting  
friends and relatives in town.  
James Haddon of Auburn is again  
employed at the Mason Manufacturing  
Company.

The graduation ball held in Grange  
Hall, Friday evening, drew a large  
crowd. The hall was prettily decora-  
ted with cut flowers, the class motto  
being suspended over the stage. A very  
good music was furnished by a six-  
piece orchestra, composed of Mrs. Ida  
Briggs, pianist; Shirley Milliken, 1st  
violin; Neely Hammond, 2nd violin;  
Frank DeCoster, alto trombone; Mr.  
Hosmer, base viol, and Howard Shaw,  
drums.

All the grade schools in town enjoyed  
a picnic in the Fair Grounds, Friday,  
the teachers left for their homes Sat-  
urday morning.

A party of six, including Mr. and  
Mrs. Albert Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Clin-  
ton McKee, Mrs. Lulu Jordan, and  
Michael Kennan made a record trip  
through the White Mountains, Sunday,  
going over 300 miles. They left here  
at an early hour and took breakfast at  
Sewer Angus Falls, going from there  
through Grafton and Dixville Notch,  
taking dinner in Lancaster, N. H. They  
visited Franconia Notch, The Flume and  
Crawford Notch, where they ate sup-  
per and returned home through Pink-  
ham Notch and Gorham. A bald head-  
ed eagle and two deer were seen in the  
mountains by the party.

Miss Clara and Miss Annie Kerr of  
Boston are visiting their mother, Mrs.  
Henry Kerr, coming to attend the  
graduation of their sister, Miss Doris  
Kerr.

Miss Louise Silver and her sister,  
Miss Beryl Silver, went Saturday to  
North Paris to spend a vacation with  
their grandfather, William Childs.  
Luellen Robinson of Philadelphia is  
visiting Mrs. Esther Nyerson for a few  
days.

Harold Dennison of Bowdoin College  
is now with his people, Mr. and Mrs.  
Walter Dennison.  
Allie Cole has been discharged from  
the United States service and has re-  
turned here.

Mrs. Mary Gear has moved into Mrs.  
George Libby's house on Hill street.  
Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Gray spent  
the week end in Bowdoinham as the  
guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Bonney.  
Philip Jones spent Saturday and Sun-  
day with his people, Mr. and Mrs. Jo-  
seph Jones.

Miss Mildred Maxim, who has just  
graduated from Gorham Normal School,  
is now with her parents, Mr. and Mrs.  
Allen Maxim, for the summer.  
Fred Evans of Errol, N. H., has been  
here for a few days and packed the  
household goods that belonged to his  
mother, the late Mrs. Martha Evans.

Miss Lilla Scott and her sister, Miss  
Miriam Scott, of Ohio are visiting rela-  
tives here.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Bernard of Port-  
land, formerly of South Paris, have  
been spending several days in town,  
visiting old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Mason are en-  
tertaining Mr. Mason's mother of Bethel.  
Mrs. Eva Hamilton of Brockton,  
Mass., is the guest of her sister, Mrs.  
George L. Libby.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. L. Buck went Sat-  
urday to Bailey's Island for a stay of  
ten days. Mr. Buck calls this a vaca-  
tion, and says it is the first he has  
taken since he opened his dental office.  
In thirty years he has not been away  
more than four days at one time.

Donald B. Briggs, who has been in a  
ship factory at Wilton during the win-  
ter, was in town a short time last week,  
going from here Thursday to Westport,  
N. Y., where he is to have a position as  
clerk in a hotel for the summer, as in  
several previous seasons.

Graduates at Mrs. Sadie L. Silver's  
Thursday night, coming to attend the  
high school graduation, were: W. H.  
Childs and Charles Childs and family  
of North Paris, Albert Silver and Mrs.  
Wallace Clark of Bethel, and Mr. and  
Mrs. W. E. Shedd of South Portland.

Mrs. Rachel Stanley, after visiting  
her son, Earl Stanley, here for a short  
time, returned Thursday to the home  
of her other son, Newton Stanley, in  
South Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving O. Barrows left  
Friday by automobile for a vacation  
trip of about ten days to Massachusetts  
coast. They will visit friends and rela-  
tives in Lynn and Brockton.  
R. P. Atkins has greatly improved  
the appearance of his buildings on High  
street by a new coat of paint. Mr. At-  
kins did the work himself but admits

**PRINCE ALBERT**  
TALK about smokes, Prince Albert  
is geared to a joyhandout standard  
that just lavishes smokehappiness on  
every man game enough to make a bee line for a  
tidy red tin and a jimmy pipe—old or new!

Get it straight that what you've hankered for in  
pipe or cigarette makin' smokes you'll find aplenty  
in P. A. That's because P. A. has the quality!

You can't any more make Prince Albert bite your  
tongue or parch your throat than you can make a horse  
drink when he's off the water! Bite and parch are cut  
out by our exclusive patented process!

You just lay back like a regular fellow and puff to beat  
the cards and wonder why in samhill you didn't nail a  
section in the P. A. smokepasture longer than you care  
to remember back!

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold. Tippy red bags,  
tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidor—and  
—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidifier with sponge  
moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C.

## CATTLE BLOATING CAUSED BY EATING STOLEN GREENS

Remedies Recommended When Hungry  
Animals Stuff Themselves. Danger  
Comes From Pressure on Heart and  
Lungs; Instruments and Medicines  
Found Efficient in Removing Afflictment

With the approach of the season at  
which bloat of cattle frequently oc-  
curs, the Bureau of Animal Industry  
of the United States Department of Ag-  
riculture calls attention to the prin-  
ciple causes of the trouble and also the  
means by which it may be avoided.

Many a cow has come to an untimely  
end because she became dissatisfied  
with the scanty feed to be gathered  
from the closely cropped pasture, broke  
down the fence that surrounded a field  
containing a more luxuriant growth, and  
stuffed herself with the luscious, stolen  
greens, until she lost all desire for her  
own mouthful.

Soon her troubles begin. Fermenta-  
tion develops in the mass of corn or  
clover, and gas forms that fills the first  
stomach of the cow to its utmost ca-  
pacity.

How Fermentation Causes Death  
The danger to the animal from acute  
bloating is not that the distended stom-  
ach may rupture, for such an accident  
is almost unknown. The pressure of  
the gas distended stomach, however, ex-  
erts a dangerous pressure upon the heart  
and lungs, with the result that animals  
dying from acute bloating usually die  
of strangulation through inability to  
breathe with their compressed lung tis-  
sue.

The stock owner should guard against  
the bloating of his cattle by every pre-  
caution at his command. Clover or  
other green vegetation, if eaten when  
wet by dew or rain, seem to be espe-  
cially liable to ferment before leaving the  
first stomach of the animal that has fed  
upon them. Eating excessive amounts  
of maddings or corn meal will also cause  
bloating. It also occurs in cattle as a  
result of becoming choked. The prin-  
ciple cause, however, is overeating an-  
cient green forage, such as clover,  
green corn, or cabbage.

Change Feed Gradually  
To prevent bloating in cattle, the  
animals should be shifted, by easy  
stages, from dry or scanty feed to  
abundant and luxuriant growing feed.

NEWRY  
Mrs. Agnes Swift and little son are  
at her old home for a few days.  
Mr. H. Head of New York is at his  
bungalow for a week's visit. His fam-  
ily is due to come about July 8th for the  
summer.

Those were memorial services held  
for Ralph Frost last Sunday at his  
home. A large number of relatives and  
friends came to attend.  
Mrs. L. F. Bartlett of Sunday River  
is at W. N. Powers'.

## IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

**HOT BISCUITS**  
when properly made with  
**SLADE'S Grape Cream of Tartar**  
can be eaten even by dyspeptics  
without ill effects.

Take one spoonful of hot water in a tablespoonful of hot water  
and mix thoroughly. SLADE'S Grape Cream of Tartar, one of  
the most perfect baking powders ever made, is not only  
pure and safe, but it is also a most effective remedy for  
indigestion and heartburn.

ASK GROCERS FOR SLADE'S  
D. & L. SLADE CO., Boston

## SLADE'S Gives Best Results

## MIGHT BE MADE UP

Los Angeles Has Set Out  
Good Example in Getting  
Its Unightly Billboards  
Removed

They still do things effect  
golden West, where in other  
parts the custom of shoddy  
and talking billboard.

In Los Angeles, where the  
more operative than in other  
parts, the billboard is being  
decreed that billboards were  
affront to the artistic sense  
should be removed from  
gaze. To decide was to  
equipped with instruments  
tion sailed forth on June 1  
a work which since then has  
in the removal of 840 garish  
and has immobilized them. The  
are outraged states. The  
going on and the hope of  
pressed and nurse that a  
good work is over "fully sig-  
signs, objected to by the pub-  
have been eliminated."

Six miles of signs eliminat-  
ed. Two full lengths of to-  
pink pills, milady's lingerie  
gown, garters, etc., snatched  
worned gaze of an aroused pe-  
lattered, sans apparel, sans he-  
place Los Angeles must be  
bait Times-Star.

Open Spaces Important  
Good housing for the sm-  
manly means much more than  
the great city, because it is peo-  
ple have far better standards.  
small city has no such stand-  
great one pretends to have—  
in which grass cannot grow or  
fourish because of smoke and  
The surroundings of houses  
made attractive. Shrubs and  
may take the place of expen-  
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And one of the great ten-  
sions entirely neglected in  
placed is one of the most im-  
portant in the city. It is the  
free open spaces for the play-  
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Rate Cause Heavy Losses  
Losses from rats in cities are  
enormous. In 1908 the biological  
made a careful study of rat  
infestations in two cities, Wash-  
ington and Baltimore, with the result  
that losses of produce and other  
amounting annually to \$400,000  
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The Woman's Medical  
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year.

License in New Jersey  
It is possible that licen-  
sation may at no distant time be  
New Jersey. Experiments are  
under way with the imported

**DR. J. H. KELLOGG'S**  
**Asthma Remedy**  
A most effective remedy for the relief of asthma  
and hay fever. The healing comes from har-  
monizing the breathing apparatus by  
clearing the air passages and soothing the ir-  
ritated membranes. In use for more than 40  
years. Two sizes—50c and \$1.00.  
Send for free sample.  
If your dealer cannot supply you order from  
Northrup & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

**HOME T**  
**HELL**  
UNCLE SAM'S MOD  
Beauty and Convenience  
Mind When York  
Planned and B

"Perhaps the most re-  
sample of the government  
town builder is Yorksh-  
den, N. J., designed to  
ees of the New York Sh-  
poration," writes Robert  
in Popular Mechanics M-  
town, where 10,000 of  
shipworkers lived, might  
said to have been but  
Starting work early in  
about a thousand houses  
for occupancy in Octob-  
other thousand to follow.  
"The plan for Yorksh-  
the most complete tow-  
made. Every house is  
has hot and cold-water  
ern plumbing, up-to-date  
stoves, gas range, hot-  
electric light and cellar  
government had at its ser-  
shipworkers and archite-  
s, and with all the im-  
made beauty and good  
sacrificed. The houses are  
in color, material or style,  
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chief benefit which acco-  
worker from the buildin-  
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are to go willingly to  
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## HOME TOWN HELPS

### UNCLE SAM'S MODERN TOWN

Beauty and Convenience Both Kept in Mind When Yorkship Was Planned and Built.

"Perhaps the most remarkable example of the government's ability as a town builder is Yorkship, near Camden, N. J., designed to serve employees of the New York Shipbuilding corporation," writes Robert H. Moulton in Popular Mechanics Magazine. This town, where 10,000 of Uncle Sam's shipworkers lived, might almost be said to have been built overnight. Starting work early in the summer, about a thousand houses were ready for occupancy in October, with another thousand to follow.

"The plan for Yorkship is perhaps the most complete town plan ever made. Every house is complete; it has hot and cold-water systems, modern plumbing, up-to-date plumbing fixtures, gas range, hot-water heater, electric light and cellar furnace. The government had at its service the best town planners and architects in America, and with all the haste that was made beauty and good taste were not sacrificed. The houses are not all alike in color, material or style. On the contrary, throughout each of these spacious, sunlit tracts is evidence that the thing was planned as a whole. The chief benefit which accrues to the worker from the building of these towns is the fact that landlordism is to be a thing unknown. The benefits are to go unfailingly to the workers. Rents must be based on cost and not on the maximum which the tenants can be forced to pay. And inasmuch as the government has no desire to retain the ownership now the war is practically ended, a scheme has been evolved to sell them, not to individuals, but to the new communities as a whole, to be held in trust as community property."

### MIGHT BE MADE UNIVERSAL

Los Angeles Has Set Other Places Good Example in Getting Rid of Its Unightly Billboards.

They still do things effectively in the golden West, where in other days they adopted the custom of shooting first and talking afterward.

In Los Angeles, where civic pride is more operative than anywhere else, it was decreed that billboards were such an affront to the artistic sense that they should be removed from the public gaze. To decide was to act. Men equipped with instruments of demolition sallied forth on June 1 and began a work which since then has resulted in the removal of 840 gaudy billboards and has immortalized them on a high altar of outraged taste. The job still is going on and the hope openly is expressed and nursed that before the good work is over "fully six miles of signs, objected to by the public, will have been eliminated."

Six miles of signs eliminated; think of it. Two full tongues of tooth paste, pink pills, lady's lingerie, chewing gum, cigars, etc., snatched from the wearied gaze of an amused people and interned, sans appeal, sans hope. What a place Los Angeles must be!—Cincinnati Times-Star.

### Open Spaces Important.

Good housing for the small community means much more than for the great city, because it is possible to have far better standards. And a small city has no excuse—even if a great one pretends to have—for areas in which grass cannot grow or gardens flourish because of smoke and gases. The surroundings of houses may be made attractive. Shrubs and flowers may take the place of expensive construction if good taste is used in their selection and location.

And one of the great features almost entirely neglected in smaller places is one of the most important. Houses may be so arranged as to leave free open spaces for the play of children. Many cities, to be sure, have parks or a park, but a city is all too likely to feel content with itself if it has one or two such places beautifully kept and well fitted to please the eye of grown-ups or a sedate Sunday afternoon walk. Far more important is it to have the houses in every small area of a few blocks so planned as to leave space for games and other public use.

### Rats Cause Heavy Losses.

Losses from rats in cities are enormous. In 1908 the biological survey made a careful study of rat infestations in two cities, Washington and Baltimore, with the result that actual losses of produce and other property amounting annually to \$400,000 and \$700,000, respectively, were revealed. These sums are nearly in ratio to the populations. The Woman's Municipal League of Boston recently announced that losses from rats in that city amounted to \$1,350,000 each year. Losses in Pittsburgh, Pa., have been estimated at over \$1,000,000 a year.

### Licenses in New Jersey.

It is possible that licorice, which now comes from the Mediterranean, may at no distant time be grown in New Jersey. Experiments are now under way with the imported plants.

## A Cup of Hot Chocolate



It is a little thing to give, but it means much to the wounded man who is just about to be tagged for evacuation to a hospital further in the rear. The Y. M. C. A. man who is tendering it carries a well-filled musette, with cigarettes and other comforts for the wounded.

## "Y" STOOD FOR HEART OF AMERICA

Is Summing Up Made by Secy. of War Baker, Who Has Just Returned From Overseas

### SPEAKS STRONGLY FOR WAR WORK OF ASSOCIATION

Paying a high tribute to the work of the various welfare agencies serving the A. E. F., Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, who returned recently from a tour of inspection and investigation of our army in France and the occupied portion of Germany, has made a public statement with reference to the magnitude and accomplishments of the Young Men's Christian Association overseas, which, in the words of the Secretary of War, "by reason of its longer establishment, its larger experience and its larger facilities, has the greater part of this work to do, especially abroad."

This statement was made by Secretary Baker in connection with the awarding of the Croix de Guerre to three Y. M. C. A. workers who served in France. At the request of Dr. John R. Mott, general secretary of the National War Work Council, Y. M. C. A., made recently to the War Department, there is an official investigation and survey of the Red Triangle work with the A. E. F. overseas now under way. Secretary Baker gave high praise to its work from his personal observation during the war and since the signing of the armistice.

"The Y. M. C. A. has represented the heart of America and has carried to soldiers abroad our affections and our ideals for them," says Secretary Baker. "I do not know whether I can convey to those who have not had the opportunity to see what went on there, any adequate idea of the character of that service, and the appreciation which the War Department and the Army of the United States feel for the service rendered by the Y. M. C. A., both at home and overseas."

For the 11,225 Y. M. C. A. women and men workers sent overseas up to April 10, Secretary Baker has only words of praise. "Honest-to-God" Americans, he calls them, using the language of our soldiers. Seventy-five of these volunteers, non-combatant workers are buried "over there," in their army khaki. Fourteen were killed by shell fire in action. Two of whom were "Y" canteen workers—American women.

"When we survey this superb army which is now coming home, with its broadened shoulders, bronzed cheeks, robust health, splendid nerve, and the high spirit that comes with great accomplishment, we must remember that among the formative influences that went with it and made it possible was this social spirit which was carried from home to the front line trenches, which shared the privations and dangers and was an integral part of the army; for, in 'No Man's Land,' where the shells fell thick and fast, there are the graves of American soldiers and the graves of the 'Y' workers side by side, not separated in their faith—finally united in their last resting place."

There were 2,891 American women Y. M. C. A. canteen workers and theatrical entertainers sent overseas up to April 10, and Secretary Baker glorifies these self-sacrificing workers declaring they have the love and full respect of our American soldier manhood.

In the huts, the Y. M. C. A. man and woman were found—that extraordinary beautiful thing which the Y. M. C. A. sent over, and which the dough boys learned to call an "Honest-to-God American girl."

"Sometimes her hair was streaked with gray, and there was the relationship of mother and son; but ordinarily the relationship was the tender relationship of brother and sister. I have had these fine girls say: 'Mr. Secretary, I live with a regiment of soldiers fifteen miles from any other woman who can speak English, and although I have been with that regiment a month, I have never heard one man swear in my presence.'"

"As I crossed the Atlantic during the war, through the danger zone, I found the Y. M. C. A. worker on the ship, taking his place beside the soldier. When that hour was over of these ships, coming and going of America ministered to the sick and wounded, and with their amusements, magazines, books, etc., comforted, entertained and advised the well."

"The splendid work of these various war welfare agencies is very largely due to the fact," says Secretary Baker, "that 'no army of any size, or nationality, including our own, ever before in the history of mankind, has had such a record of health, cleanliness and high idealism of purpose. There were assembled about these soldiers not only influences of home and of neighborhood, but the great organized agencies for dealing with life of the young."

"The churches in every community had special services, the Y. M. C. A. the Knights of Columbus, the Commission on Training Camp Activities, the Jewish Welfare Board, the American Library Association, the Young Women's Christian Association—all of these agencies realized that this was an opportunity to do a great thing for America. With a singular singleness of devotion to this great cause, they cooperated and co-ordinated their forces so that there was but a common purpose among all; that was the purpose of service to the army, to the country and to the cause."

Interior of Y. M. C. A. at annex of Base Hospital No. 10, where wounded soldiers enjoy "Y" comforts.

## COAL SHORTAGE ON WAY; GOVT. SAYS BUY NOW

May Be Repetition of 1917-18 Conditions Next Winter Says Geological Survey.

### MINES IDLE WITHOUT ORDERS.

Those Who Delay Ordering Longer May Not Get Their Fuel Later On.

The United States Geological Survey announces from Washington the probability of another general coal shortage next fall and winter. The announcement is based, the Survey states, upon a nation-wide study of conditions in the bituminous field. Unless steps are taken at once, the Survey says, to place the mines upon a basis of increased production there is every prospect of a repetition to some degree of the situation that prevailed in the United States during the winter of 1917-18.

The only way production can be stimulated at the present time, it is said, is by placing orders with the mines for coal which will be needed later on. "Production during the first five months of the year," reads the statement, "fell 57,292,000 net tons, or approximately 25% below production during the first five months of 1918. Mines are producing coal now at the rate of from 8,000,000 to 8,500,000 tons a week. An average output of 10,700,000 tons a week must be maintained from June 1 to January 1 next if the country's estimated needs of 500,000,000 tons this year are to be met."

### Evil of Delayed Orders.

At no time during this year has the rate of production approached the required tonnage. The tendency on the part of buyers to hold off placing their orders is limiting production, as the mines cannot store coal at the point of production, and when the rush of orders for the winter's needs comes next fall there is grave danger that the mines, with depleted labor forces and the probability of less adequate transportation, will be unable to meet the demands. The result of such a situation would be an insufficient supply for the requirements of domestic consumers, public utilities and industrial users generally.

"It is believed that requirements for this year," reads a Survey statement to Fuel Administrator Garfield, "will be about 530,000,000 tons of bituminous coal, of which approximately 20,000,000 tons have been used from stocks accumulated last year, leaving 500,000,000 tons to be produced. Of this 500,000,000 tons 175,000,000 tons were produced during the first five months, leaving 325,000,000 tons to be produced in the remaining 50 weeks, or an average of 6,500,000 tons a week."

"Thus far this year, production has been at the rate of 8,200,000 tons a week. In 1918 production was at the rate of 11,300,000 tons a week."

"This production will be difficult of accomplishment. The capacity of operating mines at the present time with labor now on the payroll is about 10% lower than it was last year. This deficiency may be made up in part or wholly if the mines have orders sufficient to run them five or six days a week unless the threatened exodus of foreign-born labor occurs."

### May Be Car Shortage.

"Present wage agreements between operators and miners expire with the proclamation of peace by the President. A suspension of mining operations while a new wage agreement is being negotiated would, of course, seriously interfere with the production of coal and if it should occur during the fall would cause a panic among buyers and consumers of coal."

There is no use in gambling upon this or any other contingency, fuel administration officials say. The firm or individual who wants to be sure of an adequate coal supply next winter can be certain by buying coal now. There is no other way "such assurance can be obtained. Transportation also promises to be a limiting factor if the flood tide of demand comes at a time when the country's record crops are being carried. In some districts it would appear certain that, notwithstanding the utmost endeavors of the Railroad Administration and the utilization of its experience last fall, car shortage will be a cause limiting bituminous coal production, and for that reason it is problematical whether the expected production of 500,000,000 tons can be attained this year."

Shortage of labor already is a factor that is cutting down the output in some coal producing sections, according to the Survey's report. The operators report that from 20,000 to 40,000 foreign-born miners expect to return to Europe as soon as they can get passports and that many have already returned. If continued this movement will be capable of producing but one result—a reduction of the amount of coal mined in districts where the mine labor is largely foreign-born, and there are many such districts.

He who needs coal should hesitate no longer. Now is the time to buy coal.

# The Oxford County Citizen

would like to become a weekly visitor in every family in the northern part of Oxford County.

It only costs \$1.50 a year in advance and stops at the end of year unless payment is made to continue it.

If you do not have it why not BEGIN NOW?

Enclosed find \$1.50 for which please send the Citizen to

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_



# POOR ROADS OR GOOD ROADS—THEY AFFECT THE COST OF LIVING

Man Who Never Leaves City Streets Has Direct Interest in Work for Better Highways; End of War Movement With New Impetus

The man who never gets out of sight of the tall buildings, as well as the man who has yet to see a city skyscraper, should be a booster for better roads. Highways are used in transporting practically every article of food at some stage in its journey to the consumer's table. Bad roads add to the cost of transportation, but good roads cut marketing costs.

From the time when farm products were first hauled in wagons to markets there has been an interest in better roads as a means of reducing the cost of transportation, but improved highways mean more now because of the extensive use of motor trucks in hauling products from the farm to the railroad station or direct to the city markets. Trucks are not only replacing horse transportation but in many cases they are supplementing and even doing the work of railroads. In fact, motor trucks offer a solution of modern transportation problems, but roads built only for horse-drawn vehicles or light automobiles will break down under heavy motor traffic.

Maintenance of thousands of miles of roads so that the enormous Government and commercial truck traffic of the past few years could move has taxed the abilities and called forth every energy and plan on the part of highway officials. In many States officials found themselves without sufficient funds to handle properly the repair and rebuilding work necessary. Nearly all of them had to struggle under the handicap of an insufficient labor supply, and all had to meet the increased cost of labor and material.

War Lessons Aid in Peace Only a few States were unaffected by the restrictions on the supply and transportation of materials which had to be brought from a distance. None escaped the difficulties which followed the great and rapid increase in traffic at this country's entrance into the war. From New England to the Pacific Coast new demands were made upon the highways, and unusual conditions developed everywhere in maintenance and construction. In several States high type roads, which had originally been constructed without sufficient foundation to meet the new demands, had to be rebuilt, and part of this construction work was carried on while the heavy traffic was kept moving.

The extensive use of motor trucks for transportation during war time has emphasized the possibilities of well-built roads as a means of marketing farm and other products. Solving road problems when there was a constant procession of heavily loaded trucks traveling over them has been a great lesson to road officials, which will be put to good use in peace times.

The Federal aid road-building program for this year, the most stupendous in the history of the world. The expenditures for road construction for the year are likely to reach \$300,000,000. Plans have been made for the construction of continuous highway systems, the States through which the highways are to pass cooperating with each other as never before. Improved roads will not terminate at State lines, but will run from one large marketing center to another.

Two Trucks, Added Appropriations More than \$15,000,000 worth of motor trucks, to be used in road construction work, will be distributed by the Secretary of Agriculture through the Bureau of Public Roads to the State highway departments. These trucks, about 26,000 in number, have been declared surplus by the War Department, and all that the States must do to acquire them is to pay the loading and freight charges. The trucks range in capacity from two to five tons, 11,000 of them are new, and all are declared to be in serviceable condition. They will be apportioned to the States only upon request of the State highway departments on the basis of a request received from the respective States with the apportionment provided in the Federal aid law approved in 1916. The requirements of the law are such that some of the trucks will be distributed to counties or individuals.

Further interest in the nation-wide need for good roads is shown by the fact that shortly before the last session of Congress an amendment that had been made on a bill appropriating \$100,000,000 to the Post Office appropriation bill to meet the Federal part of the road building program. This is the largest appropriation ever made by any Government for a similar purpose, say road officials of the Department of Agriculture.

New Motor Vehicle Revenue Is Used The increase in motor car registrations and revenue in the United States during the past few years represents some interesting comparisons. This is especially true in respect to the new roads of revenue. In 1906 the total registrations were approximately 45,000 cars, paying a gross revenue of about \$100,000, or roughly the same as the revenue from the District of Columbia

for the year 1918. Furthermore, in 1906 the gross registration revenues represented less than three-tenths of 1 per cent of the total rural road and bridge expenditures for that year. In 1918 the motor-vehicle revenues represented approximately 21 per cent of the total road and bridge expenditures for that year. Furthermore, while in 1906 practically none of the motor-vehicle revenues were applied to road construction or maintenance, in 1918 nearly 91 per cent of the gross returns, or \$40,925,001, were devoted to this purpose in 46 States, and of the total amount applied to road work 77 per cent, or \$32,181,475, was expended more or less directly under the control or supervision of the State highway departments.

## WILT AND ROOT-ROT OF GARDEN VEGETABLES

A Difficult Disease to Control

Nearly every year from the middle of June on till mid-summer the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station receives from a few to a considerable number of specimens of wilted pea plants. In practically every case the appearance of the affected plants and the description of their condition in the field is identical. When the plants first came up they appeared perfectly normal and healthy and remained so for varying periods of time. Then they began to show yellowing, dead or wilted leaves close to the ground. While the early death of the basal leaves is a characteristic symptom, there may be a gradual and general withering farther up the stem. This diseased condition may become apparent to the grower at any stage of the development of the peas. Specimens have been received that bore full-grown pods, but in the majority of instances the plants are ruined before blossoming. The few specimens that have already been received in 1918 average about six inches high and in each case were badly diseased.

Where pea wilt occurs an examination of the parts below ground reveals the fact that these are usually badly diseased. The roots have mostly dried up and disappeared and the base of the stem is brownish in color and shriveled. In the field this browning of the stem usually extends a short distance above the surface of the soil.

Weather and soil conditions materially affect the severity of the disease. Following a cold, wet spring the number of specimens of garden and sweet peas showing wilt, that are received by the Station, is markedly increased. According to observations made by the Station pathologist it would seem that the trouble is much more likely to occur on low, wet, poorly drained soils, although cases have been reported by correspondents where much damage occurred and where soil conditions were quite the reverse. In 1917 at Orono during a very wet season three long rows of peas of two different varieties were under constant observation. At one end of these rows where the land was low, somewhat heavy and wet, the plants without exception were killed by the disease described above. On the remainder of the rows where the soil was higher, of a slightly lighter character, and the drainage fairly good, practically every plant remained healthy and matured a good crop of green peas.

In Holland a similar trouble has been described under the name of St. John's disease, apparently so named on account of its appearing about or before June 24th. There the evidence seemed to indicate that the wilt was caused by a soil-inhabiting fungus of the genus *Phasmodium*, which attacked the root and basal portions of the stem, cutting off the water supply and finally causing the death of the plant. Similar wilt diseases of other cultivated plants, caused by members of the same genus of fungi are fairly common. Some which may be mentioned are the wilts of cotton, corn, watermelon, potato, etc. Practically no investigation work on the wilt disease of the garden pea has been reported in this country, although the disease is probably quite generally distributed. In Maine a *Phasmodium* appears to be quite constantly associated with the diseased plants and is believed to be the cause of the disease.

Once the fungus gets in the soil it may persist there for some time, consequently it is very difficult to control plant diseases of this nature. It is true that soil sterilization is practiced by means of chemicals or steam in the greenhouse, or even out of doors for tobacco seed beds, etc., but no method has been devised which is practicable and sufficiently inexpensive to be applied on a relatively large scale, such as is required for the common field and garden crops. Where the soil is naturally low and wet, conditions may be improved by drainage. Where the disease has appeared to a considerable extent it is not advisable to grow peas on the same land for a number of years. Where it has occurred at all it would be better not to follow with a crop of peas on the same soil the next year. All diseased plants should be pulled up and burned. In the case of certain other crops attacked by similar wilts the disease has been prevented by growing resistant strains or varieties. The Sta-

## MARSHALL DISTRICT

Mrs. Lydia Fernald and Miss Irene Briggs were callers at Allen Cummings' one day last week.

The drama, "Who's Who or Lost in the Fog," given by the Clark and Dresser schools at the Grange Hall last Friday evening proved a success. The parts were taken by Miss Nina Briggs, Nonna Allen, Hugh Stearns, John Allen and Harold Canwell. A dialogue, "The Tramp," by Rose and David McAllister, also "Entertaining Big Sister's Beau," by Junie Brown and Albert McAllister, and recitations by the smaller scholars of the Dresser school showed a great deal of hard work had been done by the teachers and Mr. Sherman Allen who so kindly assisted them in drilling for the entertainment. Special mention should be made of little Miss Edith Canwell who spoke so nicely. Ice cream was on sale at the close of the entertainment. A big crowd stayed for the dance. Mr. Linwood Flint and Burnham Rice of North Waterford, also Miss Myrtle Beckler, the musicians, kindly gave their services for the benefit of the schools. They cleared over fourteen dollars which was equally divided between the two schools. It is hoped that the schools will give another entertainment in the near future.

Mrs. Elita Saunders called at George Briggs' recently.

Boy Lord and crew are doing much needed repairs on the bridges near Barker's mill.

## ALBANY

The Circle was held at the vestry, Thursday afternoon. A baked bean supper was served to a large crowd and a social hour was spent in the evening.

Miss Davis of Lewiston is the guest of Miss Alta Cummings.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Skeels and Miss Pearson motored from Savannah, taking their son, John, at Yale and daughter, Elizabeth, at Vassar, and arrived last Tuesday at their home for the summer.

Herman Cummings of Norway spent the week end with his father, Mr. Geo. Cummings.

## FREE SYSTEM FOR MOTOR CARS STILL IS COMPLICATED

The amount of fees collected per car for either pleasure or commercial vehicles is as yet far from uniform and is still further complicated by the varying requirements for the registration or licensing of chauffeurs, owners, operators, dealers, etc. Thus, if the total gross registration and license revenues be used as a basis of revenue, and the total automobile trucks and vehicles as a basis for motor cars, it is found that for the entire United States the average fee per car was \$8.57. On the same basis the State of New Hampshire received in 1918 a gross revenue of \$20.52 for each motor car, while Minnesota received only about \$1.75 annually for each car, as the registration in that State is for a three-year period.

In most States motor cars are taxed as personal property in addition to the required registration fees. In Delaware, Idaho, Iowa, Michigan, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Pennsylvania and Vermont registration fees are in lieu of all other taxes. Therefore, in making any comparisons in fees as between the several States, this fact should be borne in mind.

## CAKE MAKING

When making cake, never melt the butter, or warm it, unless directed to do so in the recipe; beat it to a cream with the sugar; the whites of eggs will beat up quickly if the eggs are kept cool until broken. Salt is cooling, and a pinch added to the whites before beating, will aid. Unless directed otherwise, the whites and yolks should be beaten separately.

There had no data relative to wilt resistant peas but suggests that where a person is growing two or more varieties of peas and some seem more or less immune to the disease that the less resistant be discarded.

If one wishes to try soil disinfection it is suggested that a solution of formaldehyde (frequently sold under the trade name of Formalin) 3-4 pints in 50 gallons of water be used. Thoroughly wet down the soil 6 or more inches wide along the line of the proposed row of peas, using about a gallon to each square foot of surface. Several days should then elapse before planting the peas. This is suggested as a possible means of control where one is willing to go to the expense and trouble involved. It is not, however, based on experimental work with pea wilt.

It hardly seems probable that a disease of this type should be carried by the seed. If seed can be obtained for the purpose it is desirable to test the matter experimentally. Therefore those who have been troubled with the disease this season and still have some of the original seed left will confer a favor on the Station if they will send us a small sample. This seed would be planted in sterilized soil in the greenhouse, thus eliminating all sources of contamination except from the seed. Any information relative to wilt-resistant strains of peas will be appreciated.

Chas. D. Woods, Director.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

## EUROPEAN CORN BORER STRIKES AT AMERICA'S GREATEST CROP

Dangerous Imported Pest May Spread From Massachusetts and New York to Menace Nation's Leading Cereal Crop; Burning Infested Plants Only Effective Method of Eradication.

The farmer's life sometimes seems to be just one insect pest after another. Just about the time he has learned how to combat all the insect pests in the United States and leans back to take things easy for a spell, somebody manages to import a few new varieties of crop trouble from foreign shores. This time it is the European corn borer that is going to cause the farmer to lose sleep.

The European corn borer probably is the most injurious insect pest that has yet been introduced into this country, according to entomologists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture in Farmers' Bulletin 1046. Unless immediate and effective measures are taken to exterminate this pest it seriously threatens the future of America's greatest cereal crop. Already it is known to exist in an area of 500 square miles in Massachusetts and 400 square miles in New York. Its rapid spread to the entire country is possible. It frequently destroys from one-fourth to one-half of the corn crop in infested fields in Massachusetts.

How Borer Injures Corn

All parts of the corn plant, except the fibrous roots, are tunneled by the larvae or borers. Their most damaging work is done in the stalks and ears, which they partially or totally destroy. They usually enter the upper end of the stalk, near the base of the tassel, and tunnel upwards for a short distance before tunneling down the stalk. The tassel is so weakened by this damage that it breaks over before maturing. Much pollen is thus lost and grains fail to form normally on the ears. These broken tassels, with outpourings of sawdust-like material at the breaks, are sure signs that the European corn borer is getting in its deadly work.

Many times the borers enter near the junction of the leaf and stalk. Any small hole with sawdust-like material coming out of it indicates the presence of borers. Several borers frequently work in one stalk, reducing it to a mere shell. The nutriment to the developing ear is cut off by this injury. The stalk is weakened and eventually breaks.

Some of the borers leave the stalk and enter the ears through the husk and also through the stem and cob. Here they feed upon the immature grain and tunnel the cob. The injury to the ears and stalks is further increased by a soft rot which often follows the work of the borers and reduces the interior of infested plants to a decaying, pulpy mass with an obnoxious odor.

Two Generations Each Year

There are two generations of the European corn borer each year. They are continuously damaging the corn in infested fields from before tasselling time until winter stops their activities. They remain as nearly full-grown borers within their tunnels throughout the winter and resume feeding in the spring.

The chief danger to the Nation's corn crop lies in the possibility of borer-infested plants being transported into sections where the borer does not already exist. To prevent this, all plant quarantine laws must be strictly enforced with regard to plants likely to be infested.

Quarantine measures must be supplemented by careful clean-up operations in infested areas. Destroy all plant material likely to harbor borers.

Burning Most Effective

In infested areas burning has proved the most effective means of destroying the borers. Burn all of the previous year's cornstalks, corn stubble, crop remnants, stalks of garden plants, weeds, and grasses that may contain overwintering borers. Do this in the late fall, winter, or early spring, while the borers are within such material and the vegetation is dry enough to burn readily.

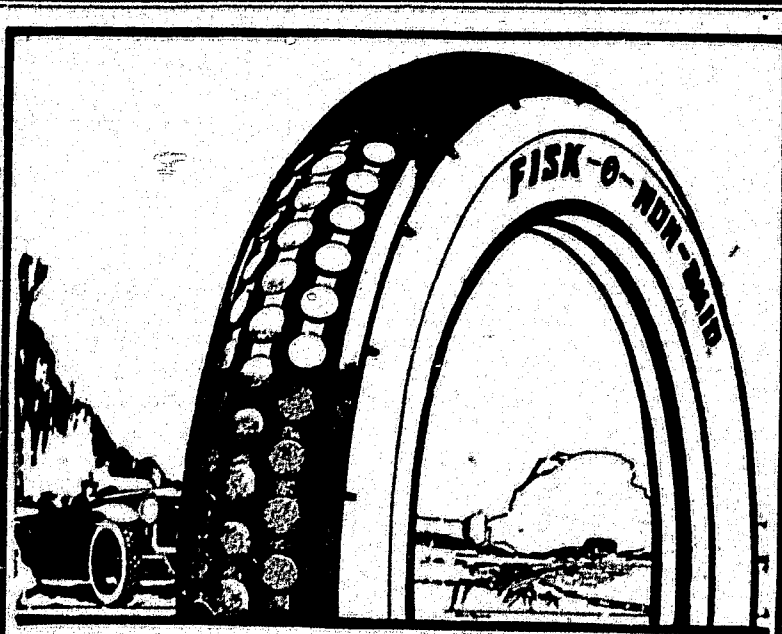
Under the most favorable circumstances the burning of infested plants will require considerable labor and expense, but it must be remembered that the insect seriously threatens the corn-growing industry of America, and that radical and effective measures must be adopted to control it.

To be prepared to combat the European corn borer successfully when it invades your corn field, write the Division of Publications, Washington, D. C., for Farmers' Bulletin 1046. "Forewarned is forearmed."

Many Plants Attacked

Not satisfied with threatening America's great corn crop, the European corn borer feeds on many other valuable crops as well as weeds. Department of Agriculture entomologists say further investigations probably will show that other plants are infested. Where corn is not grown, or in the vicinity of badly infested corn fields, the borers have been found feeding on the following plants:

Swiss chard, Oats, Beets, Spinach, String Beans, Potatoes, Tomatoes, Hog-gars' ticks, Parsnips, flowering ruck,



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**FISK TIRES**

Dahlia, Chrysanthemums, Gladioli, Geraniums, Timothay, Barnyard grass, Redroot pigweed, Lamb's quarter, Fox-tail grass, Lady's thumb, Apple of Peru, Thistle, Dock, Wild hemp, Golden-rod, Burdock, Turnips, Ragweed, Horse-weed, Crab grass, Pansy grass.

mesh chicken wire.

Plenty of Light From Windows

The windows are an attractive feature of this house. They cost complete \$1.50 apiece, those at the side being bungalow windows of large and odd size which the dealer was glad to get rid of. The front windows can be opened both at the top and bottom for ventilation. The side windows, which help to provide free circulation of air, are practically weather-proof, as they are hinged at the bottom and swing inward. The material for the floor of this house cost \$12, the owner laying the concrete floor during the evenings by aid of an oil lamp.

To begin with, this poultryman had only 15 hens, while his capacity record has been 60 mature hens and pullets.

A novel feature of his poultry operations was the maintenance of a number of Belgians which he raised for meat.

One pen in the chicken house was equipped with 4 rabbit hutches designed according to the directions of the United States Department of Agriculture. In the main he raised Belgians early during the fall, winter and early spring up to the time of the setting season, when the space occupied by the rabbits was needed by the hens. Then he would reduce his rabbitry to the minimum point. In this way the rabbit hutches provided plenty of space, by the use of partitions, for six or more setting hens at a time. After the hatching season the owner would place the broody hens in the same pen with several rabbits, as the presence and hopping about of the rabbits would ultimately break the hens of their broodiness.

Rabbits Cost Little to Keep

The remarkable thing about these rabbit-raising operations was that valuable food was produced from weeds and waste, as practically the only feed for the rabbits was grass clippings, wild hay and weeds. During the young bearing season he would feed the does little skim milk and a small amount of oats, but never more than one quart of oats a week. In the course of two years he raised and ate about 75 rabbits, weighing an average of two pounds apiece. All this meat was produced as a by-product of his poultry operations with small expense or trouble.

Another desirable point about the rabbits was that they required little care as compared with poultry. The rabbits were fed at any time of the day or night with satisfactory results.

"It is a comparatively simple matter to kill and dress two rabbits in ten minutes," remarked the suburbanite, "but I never was able to pick and dress a single chicken in less than double that period. My family did not tire of the rabbits, because, as a rule, we alternated the rabbit flesh with chicken and other fresh meats. The profits which I realized from my poultry and rabbit operations came entirely from the Belgian hares, as my White Plymouth Rocks only about paid expenses, since I had to purchase practically all my feed for them. However, it is a great convenience for a suburbanite to have on hand two sources of fresh meat in addition to a plentiful supply of fresh eggs."

NO GREAT RICHES, BUT FOOD IN PLENTY FROM BACK-YARD POULTRY

How a Suburban Resident Built a Home Shelter That Was an Ornament, Also; Rabbits Maintained, Too, Converting Waste Into Food at Small Outlay

Too many poultry stories read like fairy tales in which Aladdin is often represented as rubbing his magical lamp and converting poverty into wealth. Unlike such warping of the truth, this is the story of an actual experience of a backyard poultryman who was not able to buy an automobile from his duck profits, but who did furnish fresh, nutritious food and an abundance of it for his family table, in addition to enjoying his work.

The attractive and serviceable poultry house designed and constructed by this suburbanite cost less than \$100 when it was completed in 1914. It has a concrete floor, roosts, trap nests, a water system, and other hen house accessories. It is a pleasure to look at this hen house, which would be really ornamental to the backyard of any thrifty American.

The building is 12 by 18 feet, and is divided into three pens with an aisle at one end. The house is 7 1/2 feet high from the floor to the front eaves and 6 feet at the back. Yellow pine drop siding of medium quality was used for sheathing and roofing purposes, the latter being overlaid with prepared, stone surface, asphalt roofing. Adjoining the house, with direct access to it, are four pens, one of which is used for small chickens, being enclosed with one inch

VOLUME XXV—NO.

THE NATIONAL

Events of Interest in

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By J. E. Jones

OUR WARD IN THE

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(Continued on page 8)

AUTO PARADE

In order to advertise the Cen

Chautauqua an automobile par

leave Bethel Common on Wedne

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cribby having a car is invited

The cars can be decorated or s

The parade will start at 3

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